Library of Congress

FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—Sept. 11.

Sun Rises	5.39 A M
Sun Sets	6.14 P M
Day's Length	12 h 36 m
High Water at Southport	7.36 P M
High Water at Wilmington	9.16 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 11.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 74°; 8 p. m., 78°; maximum, 87°; minimum, 70°; mean, 78°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .33.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. September 10, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The area of high barometer from the Northwest has moved eastward to the Upper Lakes, causing cooler weather over those sections. Fair weather has continued over the east under the permanent high barometer area. Continued rains have fallen over Florida and the Gulf and also over the Central West and the Upper Lakes. Low barometer areas central off the New England coast and over the southwest. Heavy seaswell from the southwest and moderate high winds are reported from Pensacola and Port Eads.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

With the exception of local showers along the Gulf coast and over Arkansas fair weather prevailed generally over the Cotton Belt.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, fair; continued high temperature; easterly winds.

OUTLINES.

Bradstreet's report a continuation of free buying at almost all distributing points, but a falling off in portions of Texas, due to unwillingness of planters to sell cotton at present prices. ——Parvis who murdered Blackwell, the railroad flagman, is sentenced to be hung October 5th. ——Weyler has been asked for an explanation regarding the capture by insurgents of Victoria de Las Tunas, Santiago de Cuba, which is defended by seven forts. ——Government report on the condition of the cotton crop shows a marked decline in almost all the States. ——The Department of Agriculture will make arrangements for the culture of the camphor tree in Florida. ——Steamer Cleveland from Alaska, brings stories of distress and disaster in the Yukon gold fields; the Winter has set in and famine threatens; enormous prices are being paid for food at Dawson. ——A band of deputy sheriffs fired into a mob of coal mine strikers at Latimer, Pa.; from fifteen to twenty were killed and forty or more wounded; excitement intense; the third brigade of State guards ordered out by the Governor of Pennsylvania. ——A head-end collision of trains near Newcastle, Colorado, caused great loss of life; thirty people are believed to be killed and 185 were seriously injured. ——Twelve suspicious cases of fever in New Orleans; the situation in Biloxi is growing worse steadily; there are no suspicious cases in Mobile; one case of yellow fever at Scranton, Miss. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1¼@2 per cent.; last loan at 1½ and closed offered at 1¼@2; cotton steady—middling 7⅛c; flour steady; wheat—spot quiet; No. 2 hard $1.06⅝ delivered; corn—No. 2 86⅝c at elevator and 87⅛c afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.45@1.50; spirits turpentine firm at 80½@81c.

Hon. Mark Hanna considers the Senate a great body, greater, no doubt, since he got into it.

The flies have all suddenly left St. Louis, and now she boasts that there are "no flies on her."

The chainless bicycle is the latest thing in that line, but the price is too high for the ordinary scorcher.

Ex-Senator Irby, of South Carolina, says "Tillmanism is dead," but he failed to attach a coroner's certficate to the remark.

Japan has about 40,000 public schools, good, comfortable buildings, and the youngsters are compelled by law to attend them.

Some Massachusetts girls must have capacious mouths. One of them was recently kicked in the mouth by a horse and had thirteen teeth knocked out without touching her lips.

Isn't it about time that that $18,000 pot of gold which has been plowed up in several Southern States was turned up again? It hasn't turned up for two or three months.

When a woman will she will, and when she won't she won't. A young woman in Brooklyn, prospective heiress to about $350,000, has let it all slide to marry a poor railroad brakeman.

The Mark Lane *Express*, English, figures out the shortage of wheat in Europe at 112,000,000 bushels, which must be supplied by this country. We would like to see some of the optimistic statisticians figure out how they are going to get $400,000,000 or $500,000,000 out of that.

Secretary Wilson, of the Agricultural Department, says that arrangements will be made by the Department for introduction of the Camphor tree in Florida. He added that there was no doubt that the tree would be a success there, as it had already passed the experimental stage.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 149. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,381

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

REDUCED TO $5.00.

BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Commenting upon the testimony of a drug man who sold Luetgert fifty pounds of arsenic, an exchange remarks that it is "inconceivable that he purchased fifty pounds of arsenic to poison one person," but it is not inconceivable that he might have given his wife a sufficient quantity of the fifty pounds purchased to poison her. But the prosecution does not contend that he poisoned her, although he may have done so.

A Government official writes from Dyea, Alaska, to the Treasury Department, that the passes to Dawson City are crowded with thousands of gold seekers, not a fifth of whom can get through, and unless the rush can be checked the suffering that will follow this Winter will be appalling.

San Salvador seems to be hoodooed as far as U. S. Consuls are concerned. Of the three last consuls that have served two died of yellow fever and the third committed suicide. There are patriots waiting, however, and ready to go and take the job.

Wild horses are becoming so numerous and such a nuisance in Arizona that a law is asked for authorizing killing them whether they carry brands or not. There are a great many wild men out there, too, but they kill each other without authority of law.

A number of Russians, sent out by the Government, are travelling the Western States studying our agricultural machinery and methods. They have come to the conclusion that we are several times ahead of their country in both.

There has been a good deal of speculation as to Grover Cleveland's fortune, some putting it at millions. According to his tax returns in Princeton he is worth about $150,000, $80,000 in real estate and about $130,000 estimated value of stocks.

Mark Hanna and Senator Hoar are in accord. Mark says "the Senate is the greatest institution in the world. There is nothing like it." In the latter opinion there are a great many people who will agree with him.

The Emperor of Germany says he is responsible to no one but God for the administration of his trust. For one of his large opinion of himself it is somewhat of a condescension to admit even this accountability.

A South Carolina paper complains because too many of its correspondents indulge too freely in capital letters. This may show that they consider themselves capital correspondents.

The beer in Buffalo must be better than the New York beer. Herr Most has pulled up stakes and taken himself and his mouth to Buffalo.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KENWOOD bicycle.
S. W. SANDERS—Straight tip.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sowing the Wind."
KING GROCERY CO.—Not a question.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— A delightful dance and sociable was given last night at the Carolina Yacht Club house.

— The steamer *Wilmington* will make her regular trips to-morrow (Sunday) at 10 a. m. and 2.30 p. m.

— Grace Methodist Sunday school has changed its hour of meeting, commencing to-morrow, from 4.30 to 3.30 o'clock.

— A big camp meeting will be held at Gander Hall about the latter part of this week. The steamer *Wilmington* will observe a convenient schedule.

— The STAR learns that the business school to be run in the Y. M. C. A. building this Fall and Winter has fine prospects ahead. A large class has already been formed and there are additions daily.

— The STAR regrets to learn of the serious illness with bilious fever of Mr. Jackson Davis, a veteran of the Mexican and Confederate wars and a most worthy man. He lives on Sixteenth street, three doors south of Market.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— "Little" Joe Brown, of New York, is in the city.

— Mr. L. W. Warrock, of Burgaw, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. W. H. Pyke, of Southport, came up to the city yesterday.

— Mr. L. W. Howard was observed on our streets yesterday.

— Mr. B. A. Huggins, of Florence, S. C., was registered here yesterday.

— Mr. W. D. Hubn has returned from a visit to friends at Magnolia.

— Mrs. Mary J. Dunn and family have returned from their Summer outing.

— Mr. R. E. Vick, of Council's Station, was a caller at this office yesterday.

— Miss Carrie Mallett, of Fayetteville, is visiting her neice, Mrs. Lee Holmes.

— Mr. G. B. D. Parker, of Chinquepin, was here yesterday, making business calls.

— Master J. Edwin Bunting has returned after a visit to his aunt at Wynn, Arkansas.

— Miss Nettie Plummer, who has been spending the Summer at Atlantic City returned yesterday.

— Mr. G. Z. French returned, yesterday, after a pleasant outing of several weeks in the State of Maine.

— Mrs. Alice Britt, after spending quite a while at Carolina Beach, returned to her home in Richmond yesterday.

— Miss Mamie Jones, who has been spending the Summer in Newbern and Morehead, returned home yesterday.

— Mr. I. J. Scott, one of the stirring business men of Rose Hill, was here yesterday, calling on the wholesale merchants.

— Mr. Jno. W. Freeman returned yesterday after a week's outing through the State.

— Prof. E. Van Laer returned yesterday from New York, where he has been to replenish his stock of musical instruments.

— Capt. Haywood Clark, of the Norfolk & Carolina route, came down yesterday to relieve Capt. J. S. Hartsell, who goes off on his vacation.

— Capt. J. S. Hartsell left for Rochester, N. Y., yesterday, where he will act as best man at the wedding of his friend, Mr. John. L. Zeeveld.

— Mr. C. M. Strong, of the Weather Bureau, has gone on a visit to Cincinnati and Columbus, O., accompanied by his sister, Miss Sue Gunning, a charming young lady of Columbus, who has been visiting here.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—83 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 3 bbls rosin, 3 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—977 bales cotton, 17 casks spirits turpentine, 26 bbls rosin, 57 bbls tar, 7 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—89 bales cotton, 89 casks spirits turpentine, 35 bbls rosin, 18 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—41 bales cotton, 21 casks spirits turpentine, 168 bbls rosin, 4 bbls tar.

Wilmington & Newbern R. R.—18 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 25 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer W. T. Daggett—18 casks spirits turpentine, 96 bbls rosin.

Schooner Samuel—18 casks spirits turpentine, 118 bbls rosin, 30 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 1,146 bales; spirits turpentine, 108 casks; rosin, 448 bbls; tar, 109 bbls; crude turpentine, 85 bbls.

COTTON FACTS AND FIGURES.

— The receipts yesterday were 1,146 bales, against 1,760 same day last year. Local market closed firm at 6 18-16c for middling, the same grade last year being quoted at 7⅞c—over a cent per pound higher.

— Over 2,000 bales of cotton were brought in yesterday over the W. & W. and the W. C. & A. roads, an unusually large quantity at this stage of the cotton season. A part of it was too late to be entered with yesterday's receipts.

— The crop is generally believed to be a week or two later this year, but the receipts at this port for the week ending yesterday are nearly as great as they were in the corresponding week of last year, the comparative figures being 6,946 bales for this year and 7,619 for 1896.

Game This Afternoon at Hilton.

This afternoon at Hilton there will be a "hot time" on the base ball diamond, as the O. A. N. ball team, which has bested many of the best, will struggle for supremacy with the Wharf Rats, a team not poetical in name but most "mighty much" as ball players. But, laying all joke aside, the game this afternoon will be an interesting and exciting one, as both teams class among its players some of the best material in the city. Sweeney and Hatch will be the battery for the O. A. N.'s and Pearsall and Dosher for the Wharf Rats. The money realized off the game will go to the Catherine Kennedy Home, a most worthy charity. Admission for gentlemen fifteen cents; ladies, ten cents. Game called promptly at 4 o'clock.

New Answers to an Old Question.

"New Answers to an Old Question" will be considered at the services at Fifth Street Methodist church on to-morrow evening at 8 p. m. The pastor requests that every member of the church who can possibly do so will attend the services.

MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.

Meeting Held Last Night—Plan of Organization Adopted and Committees Appointed.

A large number of merchants of the city met last night and organized a Merchants' Association, the object of which is to promote the interest of the merchants and Wilmington, and to also provide protection for the merchants. The movement looking towards this organization was started about two weeks ago at which time an informal meeting was held and matters pertaining to organization were discussed.

On motion of Maj. W. A. Johnson, Mr. D. C. Whitted was called to the chair, and on motion of Mr. DeWitt C. Love, Mr. Jas. H. Cowan was requested to act as secretary. A committee on organization, consisting of Maj. W. A. Johnson and Messrs. DeWitt C. Love and Marcus W. Jacobi, was appointed, and steps then taken to perfect the organization. So last night another meeting was held and an organization perfected. The meeting was called to order by Chairman Whitted, after which the minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. Several enthusiastic speeches were made by merchants of prominence. Maj. W. A. Johnson, of the Committee on Organization, presented the following plan of organization, which was adopted, viz:

This Association shall be called The Merchants' Association, and shall have for its object the advancement and protection of the business interests of its members, and bringing together in closer relations the merchants of the city of Wilmington.

All persons engaged in mercantile business in the city of Wilmington may be entitled to membership.

The officers shall consist of a board of eleven directors, to be chosen from among its members, and the said directors shall elect a president, and first and second vice president.

At their first meeting they shall elect a secretary and treasurer; the office to be filled by one person, to be chosen from its membership or otherwise. The said board of directors shall have power to fill any vacancy. They shall adopt such rules and regulations for the government of the Association, as may be deemed necessary. All the above named officers elected first under this constitution, shall hold their office until their successors are elected.

THE DUTY OF THE PRESIDENT.

It shall be the duty of the president to preside at all meetings of the Association and of the board of directors, to preserve order, to sign all drafts on the treasurer when ordered by the board of directors, and perform all other duties appertaining to his office. In his absence a vice president shall perform the duties of the president.

DUTIES OF SECRETARY AND TREASURER

It shall be the duty of the secretary and treasurer to keep correct minutes of the proceedings of the Association and board of directors, and record the same in a book or books provided for the purpose, to notify the members of special and regular meetings; shall receive all money paid into the Association, pay all orders when drawn on him by authority of the directors and when signed by the president, and perform all other duty appertaining to his office.

The secretary and treasurer shall give bond from an indemnity company (the amount to be fixed by the directors) and at the expiration of his term of office deliver over to his successor all moneys, books, papers and other property belonging to the Association. He shall receive a salary, the amount to be fixed by the board of directors.

This constitution can only be altered or amended at a regular meeting of the Association, notice having been given to each of such proposed change, by consent of two-thirds of those present.

Maj. Johnson suggested the appointing of a committee of three to draft a set of by-laws. His suggestion was put in the form of a motion and carried. As such a committee, Chairman Whitted appointed Maj. Johnson and Messrs. DeWitt C. Love and J. C. Munds.

An enrollment, which proved large, was taken of those present.

On motion of Mr. Marcus W. Jacobi, the meeting adjourned subject to the call of the chair.

What Is to be Done with Them?

However charitably disposed a man may be, he is apt to get very much disgusted by the frequency with which appeals are made to him for help. It is the commonest sort of thing for a man to walk into a business office and after displaying a wound and telling a pitiful story to ask for money to help him get away from the city or to buy a meal with.

Except in some instances vagrants of this description are downright impostors and devote the money which the hand of charity generously bestows, to the gratification of their thirst for liquor. As this being the case it would be a benefaction to the public if city authorities could devise some means by which this species of imposture could be checked.

Five Cars Derailed.

A broken spring in the switch at the siding of the C. C. road near the Cape Fear Lumber Company's mill yesterday morning caused 5 box cars of the early westbound freight train to be derailed. Nobody was hurt and the damage to the cars was trifling.

The track was not clear by the time the passenger train arrived at the scene of the accident, so that passengers had to get off there. In twenty or thirty minutes, however, the track had been cleared and passenger train 41 left the depot as usual.

Coming Home from the Beaches.

The very warm weather for the last few days doesn't have the effect of making the cottagers on the beaches hasten their return to the city. One or two families, however, come up every day, and by the first or middle of next month the greater part of the Summer residences will be vacated.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

OPERA HOUSE.

"The Widow Goldstein" Monday Evening—"Sowing the Wind" Tuesday Night.

Manager Schloss offers the amusement loving public two attractions at the Opera House next week. Monday night "The Widow Goldstein" will be placed upon the boards, and the night after, Tuesday, the great Empire Theatre, New York city, success, "Sowing the Wind," will be presented.

"THE WIDOW GOLDSTEIN."

Monday night that roaring comedy, "The Widow Goldstein," will be produced by a company of distinguished artists. The play is a farce comedy pure and simple, but far above the form of amusement generally so designated. The stereotyped characters of knock about farce are refreshingly absent. The idea of the comedy is particularly new; the situations are new, and the treatment they receive from the company is new. The clever lines and the clever acting does away with the necessity of a string of worthless specialties. The fun of the thing is fast and always legitimately connected with the lines of the comedy. Seats now on sale at Gerken's.

"SOWING THE WIND."

In the attraction Tuesday evening theatre goers will have a chance to witness a play that is sought for by managers of theatres everywhere, but one which few are able to obtain. The piece is without doubt one of the greatest successes of its kind ever staged.

The drama, with its great "sex against sex" scene and its powerful problem and moral lesson, has had throughout the country one of the most remarkable careers known to the modern stage. It may seem like exaggeration to say that everywhere it has been pronounced one of the most perfect and absorbing plays of the generation, but such is the fact. Since the days of "Daniel Rochat," the memorable Union Square success, no play has surpassed "Sowing the Wind" in its hold on the theatre-going public.

Advance sale of seats commences at Gerken's Monday.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Boston, 10; St. Louis, 9.
Baltimore, 9; Louisville, 0.
New York, 3; Pittsburg, 2.
Washington, 9; Cleveland, 4.
Chicago, 8; Philadelphia, 6.
Brooklyn, 11; Cincinnati, 4.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO MORROW.

Chicago at Baltimore.
Philadelphia at Boston.
Brooklyn at New York.
Louisville at Pittsburg.
Cincinnati at Washington.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	80	33	.708
Boston	82	35	.701
New York	75	40	.652
Cincinnati	65	48	.575
Cleveland	57	59	.491
Washington	53	61	.465
Chicago	53	64	.453
Brooklyn	52	65	.444
Philadelphia	51	66	.436
Pittsburg	49	65	.430
Louisville	49	69	.415
St. Louis	38	89	.339

The Browns started off like winners, scoring nine runs in the first four innings, and in the fourth inning knocking Lewis completely out of the box. Nichols was substituted and then the Beaneaters played ball.

Sullivan and Hasting pitched good ball. The Giants scored their only two runs in the fifth inning, and the Pirates their only two in the second inning.

In the Baltimore-Louisville game the latter refused to continue playing because Umpire Kelly called Keeler safe at first in the seventh inning, allowing Quinn to score the winning run and forfeited the game by the score of 9 to 0. Amole was in the game.

Fo t Ride on the Riv r.

Among the many pleasures afforded by Summer is now and then a delightful boat ride on the Cape Fear. Last night such a ride was given by Mr. E. T. Taylor, complimentary to Miss Ella Williams, of Athens, Ga. The party was as follows: Miss Williams, Mr. Taylor; Miss Annie Lee, Mr. Jno. H. Bunting; Miss Mary Jennings Bellamy, Mr. W. Reed French; Miss Nessie Cotchett, Mr. H. M. Crosswell; Miss Lucy Latham, Mr. G. P. James; Miss Lina Wiggins, Mr. Henry Moore, and Messrs. W. J. Lewis, J. D. Latham, and Dr. R. E. Bunting. Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Pemberton chaperoned the party.

A band of music was along on the trip, likewise refreshments, and enjoyment reigned supreme.

A Bike Race.

The bicycle race between Mr. Robert Sellers and Mr. George Phillips yesterday afternoon resulted in a victory for the former. The course extended from the intersection of Fifth and Market streets to Wrightsville and return. The start was made early in the afternoon, with the two wheelmen neck and neck and straining every muscle in hopes of obtaining mastery. Mr. Sellers, however, on the return trip gradually left his opponent and beat him to the goal by about one hundred yards.

Horse Gets in a Hole.

While returning from the Cape Fear Lumber Company's mill where passengers on the Carolina Central train had to get off yesterday, one of the horses attached to S. P. Cowan & Co.'s baggage wagon plunged into an old well not far this side of the saw mill. Luckily the well had been filled within three or four feet of the top and the horse was not injured. It was so overgrown with grass and weeds that the driver could not see that there was an opening ahead of him at all.

— All varieties of grapes can be bought on the city markets now at reasonable prices. The scuppernong variety is quite plentiful.

BURGAW'S CYCLE CLUB.

One of the Finest Tracks in the State Strawberry Culture—Cotton—Lawn Party.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

BURGAW, N. C., Sept. 10.

We now have one of the finest bicycle tracks in the State. It was built by order of the Burgaw Cycle Club, and is thirty yards over one quarter mile in circumference. It circles the court house square and will be the scene of some exciting races next week.

Judge W. L. Bannerman is putting in an improved cotton gin in connection with his saw mill.

Pender Superior Court convenes next Monday, Judge McIver presiding. The court docket is quite a lengthy one.

The strawberry industry is attracting considerable attention. The acreage in this county will be doubled this year. The continued dry weather has caused many young plants to die, but notwithstanding a good stand has been secured.

The first cotton of the season was brought into town yesterday. It was raised by Mr. Bruce Williams.

Mr. P. C. Worley, the clever Coast Line agent at this place, who has been quite sick, is much better and has gone to his home at Pine Level, N. C., where he will remain till fully recovered.

A lawn party will be given next Tuesday night, when the formal opening of the bicycle track occurs.

BICYCLE AGAINST TRAIN.

E. E. Anderson, the Crack Bicycle Rider, May Race S. A. L. Train Between Wilmington and Hamlet.

[*Charlotte News.*]

E. E. Anderson, who made a record-breaking ride paced by a train, wants to race against a Seaboard Air Line passenger. Capt. B. A. Newland, the Atlanta travelling passenger agent, who is in Charlotte to-day, has been petitioned to arrange the matter and has referred it to General Passenger Agent Anderson and Vice President St. John.

The great consideration is a straight stretch of track. Between Hamlet and Wilmington is a stretch ninety miles in length without a sign of a curve or slightest trace of a grade, and would be just suited for a trial of this kind. Another piece of track is also straight and very level and lies between Monroe and Charlotte and is equally well suited for the ride. If the Seaboard people consent to allow Anderson to use their track, furnish him with the train and prepare the track, the Atlanta *Journal* says, excursion trains will be run to the scene and a small fare be charged to those who are anxious to witness it.

The distance to be travelled is one mile, and, as in the former attempt, the track will be boarded for two miles, half mile to start and half mile to finish in.

GOLD FROM THE YUKON.

Plenty of It Being Exhibited About Charleston—Mr. Emerson Off for New York to Buy a Ship.

[*News and Courier.*]

The Klondyke fever is still very prevalent in Charleston, and in half a dozen places now there can be be seen specimens of ore containing gold from the Yukon. There are all kinds of plans on foot for those who expect to go around the Horn in the Charleston ship with Mr. A. S. Emerson. Among these schemes one perspective prospector intends to carry a small boat along as part of his baggage and means to try the Yukon river with his partner in the row or sail boat. The majority of those who go, however, will be content to stick to the party until the end of the journey is reached.

Mr. Emerson is off again to New York and this time will undoubtedly make final arrangements for the purchase of a steamer. He has already several excellent boats in view, and in the event of the purchase of any one of them the travellers will be assured of a quick, pleasant and safe voyage. While in the city Mr. Emerson received many letters concerning the voyage, and he has no doubt but that the capacity of the vessel that sails from Charleston on February 15 will be taxed to accommodate all who wish to go.

THE MURDERER PURVIS

Sentenced to be Hanged October 13th—In Jail at Fayetteville for Safe Keeping.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 10.—Purvis, who murdered flagman Blackwell, near Dunn, was to-day sentenced to be hanged October 13th.

He will be brought here to-morrow for safe keeping until that time, when he will be returned to Lillington to be executed. He is in a very feeble condition, resulting from wounds he received while trying to board a moving train in his escape after the murder.

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. K. A. Wills, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday school at 3.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.00 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Dun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunningim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School at 4.00 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

Market Street M. E. Church, next to corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. T. H. Sutton, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Class meeting at 9.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday night at 7.30 p. m.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Junior Y. P. S. C. E. 10.00 a. m. Senior Y. P. S. C. E. 7.15 p. m. Sabbath School at 4.00 p. m Prayer and Praise Wednesday at 8 p. m. All welcome. Seats free.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. H. Hoge, pastor. Divine service at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday at 8.15 p. m. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. F. H. Farrington, pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

— See commercial columns for weekly statement of cotton and naval stores.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

It Is Not a Question

OF YOUR CREDIT, BUT A PRINCIPLE IN business. We do not have the expense of a bookkeeper or collector, and when our stock is depleted by sales we have the money in hand with which to replenish as ROCK BOTTOM CASH PRICES. And these advantages we are dividing between you and ourselves. Our terms are absolutely cash. Your trade is solicited on that basis, and we will make it interesting and profitable if you will give us a trial order.

Straight Family Flour 2 1-2c per lb.
Fancy Patent Flour 3 Cents.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
Fourth Street Bridge.
Bell 'Phone 267. sep 11 tf

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS!

For Rent.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES.

Apply to
D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent.
sep 5 tf

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Carolina Central R. R. Co.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., Sept. 7th, 1897.

The regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Company will be held in the Front street office of the Company, in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on Thursday, the 7th day of October A. D., 1897, at 10 o'clock p. m.

sep 7 tf JOHN H. SHARP, Secretary.

Notice.

IN ORDER TO CLOSE OUT MY BUGGY and Harness business I will offer commencing to-day my entire stock consisting of Buggies, Phaetons, Wagons, Road Carts and Harness of every description at cost. Everything must be sold before October 1st.

J. A. MONTGOMERY,
sep 7 2w No. 110 North Water street.

Stockholders Meeting.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Onslow Land Investment Co will be held at the office of Jno. D. Bellamy, Esq., in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on Tuesday the 14th of September, 1897, at 12 o'clock M.

DR. E. PORTER,
sep 9 2w President.

OPERA HOUSE,

Tuesday Evening, September 14th.

The Empire Theatre Success,

"SOWING THE WIND,"

By Sidney Gundy.

Presented in the same manner as seen for 200 nights in New York, and with the same care that has characterized the performance in the past in the larger cities.

No theatre-goer can afford to miss seeing this great "sex against sex" drama.

Seats on sale at Gerken's Monday. sep 11 3t

FIRST BIG COMEDY OF THE SEASON

OPERA HOUSE,

One Night, Monday, Sept 13th.

The Effervescent Comedy,

"THE WIDOW GOLDSTEIN," | Laughs, Roars, Screams,

with

HARRY ROGERS AS "SAM GOLDSTEIN,"

Bright, Sparkling, Original.

"IT IS TO LAUGH."

Prices—35c, 50c, 75c and $1.00. sep 10 3t

A Straight Tip.

TUESDAY, Sept. 14th, 1897, I wil resume my

Special Sales Week.

Take notice and govern yourself accordingly. My first cut will be a stunner.

S. W. Sanders,

At "The Unlucky Corner."
Telephone No. 109. sep 11 tf

We Have Other Goods

to offer besides

"Clover Hill Butter."

Read our list and find out.

100 Boxes Full Cream Cheese,

Candles, Gun Caps. Drugs of all kinds.

Flour all grades, including Pillsbury's Best, which is the Flour for good bread.

Fish, Fresh N. C. Fruits, Glue, Potted Ham, Cooked Ham.

Car load choice Timothy Hay.
Ink to suit all.
Jellies in Glass and in Wood.

R. W. HICKS,
Wholesale Grocer.
an 14 D&W tf

TURNIP SEED,

Crop 1897,

JUST ARRIVED

ALL VARIETIES PLANTED IN THIS SECTION.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Prices.

Write for quotations.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
je 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Prempert's Barber Shop,

NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call.

Respectfully,
je 30 tf ARTHUR PREMPERT

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

J. W. Murchison,

Wholesale and Retail Hardware Dealer.

AGENT FOR

Laflin & Rand Powder,

Howe Scales, Richmond Stoves and

CAPITOLA

THE VERY BEST QUALITY.

THE VERY LATEST DESIGN.

Steel Ranges.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
au 15 tf

We sell on Commission

D. S. Sides

D. S. Cut Sides,

D. S. Fat Backs,

D. S. Bellies,

D. S. Plates,

Cotton Ties.

Goods shipped on lowest market price at the day.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Wilmington, N. C.,

Nutt Street, A. C. L. Crossing.
au 29 tf

We Are Offering

THE VERY BEST

PIANOS AND ORGANS

At Extremely Low Figures.

Take Advantage of Low Prices

before the advance in price, which will be made in the next 30 days.

E. VAN LAER,

au 26 tf 413 and 404 North Fourth Street.

Your Friend the....

Kenwood Bicycle

A Wheel You Can Depend Upon.

For Lightness, Swiftness and Strength it is Unsurpassed.

You can learn all about it by addressing

Hamilton Kenwood Cycle Co.
203-205-207 S. Canal St., Chicago.
sep 11 tf

Who Wants to Buy?

2,000 Bushels Corn.
800 Boxes Tobacco (great bargain).
400 cases Starch (Celluloid & Lump).
300 Boxes Soap (Toilet & Laundry).
100 Barrels Pocket Salt.
126 doz. Mexican Mustang Liniment.

All of these going with stacks of other goods not mentioned, at a close margin. I ask buyers to get my prices.

D. L. GORE,
Wholesale Grocer.
Wilmington, N. C. au 29 tf

Notice.

I have just arrived to-day with twenty-five head of

Horses and Mules,

at my Stables on Water street. They consist of general purpose Horses and will be sold cheap and satisfaction guaranteed. I will continue to keep on hand a full supply the balance of the season. Don't fail to see my stock before you buy.

F. T. MILLS.
sep 10 tf

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 11, 1897

ANOTHER SOURCE OF WEALTH.

We have frequently in these columns spoken of the varied resources of the South, her farms, her forests, her mines, and quarries. The last of these have not attracted as much attention as they should, but they will attract attention and will eventually become a source of no little wealth to this section. As we have about all the minerals found on this continent so we have about all the stones, from the useful to the precious, the latter of course in limited quantities, as they are generally found elsewhere. A few days ago we made mention of the fact that marble from the State of Georgia was selected for the new State capitol building in St. Paul, Minnesota. The reason why this marble was given the prefereuce over others is thus stated by Mr. Charles Guelbert, the chief architect:

"After an exhaustive examination of all the materials offered, I reached the conclusion that Georgia marble more nearly filled all the requirements than any other stone offered. It had 98 per cent. of carbonate of lime; is very dense in texture, and shows an absorption of about .03 of 1 per cent., whereas some other stones offered absorbed 7 to 10 per cent. of their weight in water in twenty-four hours. Its crushing strength is about 15,000 pounds, where the other stones crushed at 7,000 to 10,000. It is crystalline in character, and will reflect the light brilliantly. It carves easily and freely, and can be obtained in blocks of any desired size, free from dry seams or quarry veins. It is susceptible of the highest finish, is durable under all conditions. In short it is of the same material as the Pentelic marble of Athens which has been in use over 2 000 years."

It is a pretty high commendation for this stone that it was chosen over so many others, not only a commendation, but a splendid advertisement in which the reasons for the preference given are stated, reasons that will have full weight with others desiring a superior quality of marble for building purposes, as they had in this case. This building is to be an imposing structure, to cost $2,000,000, and probably a good deal more (for such buildings rarely stop at first estimates), which is a pretty good indication that there is to be nothing shoddy about it.

But this is not the first time that Georgia marble has been chosen for imposing structures in other States. We learn from the Atlanta *Journal* that it has been selected for the new Corcoran Art Gallery in Washington, for St. Luke's Hospital in New York, for the State capitol of Rhode Island, and other imposing structures. Other architects as well as Mr. Guelbert must have discovered its superiority, and still others doubtless will, for every building in which it is used advertises it.

The marble deposits of Georgia are inexhaustible. We do not know how many varieties there are, but if there was only one kind, such as this herein spoken of, and that was abundant, it would be a source of great wealth in the years to come when the quarrying of it becomes a regular industry and it finds its way into general use, which it must where a fine quality of stone is desired, and durability with beauty a consideration.

But marble is not confined to Georgia. It is found in several States. In Tennessee, in Arkansas and in our own State, where although not so extensive in area as in Georgia, it abounds in inexhaustible quantities and in many varieties, from the jet black to the snow white, with many other kinds of various hues and tints, splendid material for ornamental work, and for inside finish for buildings. We are told that there are about forty varieties in Cherokee county, which being on the Georgia line, is probably in the Georgia marble belt. As far as we know this marble has never been utilized for anything save for the building of the county court house, which we believe is constructed out of it. We have never heard of any effort at quarrying it with a view to putting it upon the market. Perhaps the lack of transportation facilities has prevented this, but possibly these deposits, like the marble of Georgia, may some day be sought and become very valuable.

But there is another marble area in another portion of our State, and it is somewhat remarkable that there should be only two and these separated by such a distance, one in the extreme Southwest, the other about central on the Northern border, within a few miles of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad. We do not know whether this has been thoroughly explored or not, but it is said to be practically inexhaustible, and although it is as white as snow and beautiful to look upon the only use to which it has been put as far as we know was to burn it for lime. Whether it has the texture and durable quality for use in building we do not know, but we do know that there are many uses to which it could be put, such as for mantels, hearths, table tops, etc.

Southern granite and sandstone are also winning reputation in other sections, the granite and sandstones of our State seeming to have the preference so far, both of which are shipped extensively to the North to be used in the construction of great buildings. There are several companies in this State, which in the aggregate employ a great many men, engaged in quarrying these stones, nearly all of which go into other States North and South, but principally North, being transported long distances and sold in competition with other stones quarried much nearer to the places of delivery. This is proof either of the superiority or of the cheapness of the Southern stone, or of both, which is probably the case, for both considerations doubtless enter in the selection.

Thus far comparatively little effort has been made to introduce and build up a demand for Southern marble or other stones, but with the progress that has been made compared with the effort there is every reason to believe quarrying will in the near future become an extensive and a profitable industry in this section, giving another inexhaustible source of wealth.

MINOR MENTION.

After having virtually forced President Andrews, of Brown University, Rhode Island, to resign his position or to cease giving expression to opinions on the money question which were not in harmony with those of the gold monometallists, the board under pressure of public opinion has written and asked him to reconsider his resignation and remain in the position which he has filled with credit to himself and with profit to the institution. After due deliberation and respectful consideration of their request, he has decided to stand by his resignation as tendered. The gold organs, in their efforts to justify the first action of the Trustees in their effort to gag President Andrews, have made light of this incident and they have misrepresented the situation and attempted to find justification of the Trustees in the unfounded allegation that Mr. Andrews was abusing his trust by propagating his peculiar views in the University, and filling the minds of the students with them. One of them, a New Orleans paper, asks what would be thought of it if President Andrews were propagating vicious religious sentiments in that institution, to which the Washington *Post*, a gold standard paper, which is not in sympathy with President Andrews on the money question, thus replies:

"But this is not the case at all. Prof. Andrews was not using Brown University to speed the propaganda of free silver. He ventured simply to entertain his own personal opinion on the subject and to express that opinion in private conversation or in correspondence with persons outside the University. He did not take advantage of his position to influence the minds of the youth under his charge—nothing of the kind. The address of twenty six out of the thirty-six members of the faculty has sufficiently explained all this. The facts should have reached our New Orleans contemporary by this time. It is also a mistake to say that Prof. Andrews was not virtually asked to resign. It was not the sort of overture perhaps that a New Orleans Coroner or Clerk of Court would have responded to with a resignation, but it was enough for Prof. Andrews, and its significance was unmistakable. Hon. Joseph H. Walker, of Massachusetts, who is one of the board of government of the university, has frankly admitted that it was the purpose of the management to oust Prof. Andrews. Mr. Walker is a great financier himself, and for years past has kept all bill before Congress. This bill has not yet been reported by the committee, because no one has ever been able to understand it. Nevertheless, he is a great financier, and Prof. Andrews' free silver views offend him. He was the leader of the movement to force the President out and get in his place some one more in tune with the Walker hypothesis, whatever that may be. Undoubtedly, Prof. Andrews construed the message of the board with accuracy. The meaning of that message was that Andrews must abandon his views as to silver or resign the Presidency of Brown's. He chose the latter alternative, as any other self-respecting gentleman would have done."

This is a plain statement of the case from an honest journal, which vindicates President Andrews and at the same time condemns the action of the trustees, who in striking at him, struck at every other man occupying a similar position and struck at free speech when they undertook to gag him and make him think as they thought and talk as they talked, if he talked at all.

* * *

A few of the not very numerous gold Democrats of Ohio flocked together at Columbus Thursday and went through the farce of nominating a State ticket. The attendance was "not as large as expected," but we are told that "the leaders" were well satisfied, and accounted for the small attendance by the fact that business men are not so apprehensive on the money question as they were. Well, if this be so, and if the gold Democrats do not take interest enough in the great "National Democratic party," (as these men have fraudulently christened their Hanna annex), to send delegates to a State convention, what reason have they to believe that they will take interest enough in the election to go to the polls and vote for the decoys put out? With such indifference and such a feeling of ease among the followers of these "leaders," where was the use in putting out these decoys? But they should at least be consistent. They denounce the silver advocates for continuing the agitation for free coinage because they say it disturbs business, which is beginning to pick up, while they continue the agitation for what they call a reform of the currency system, and a withdrawal of the Government paper money, which if pressed would lead to a very lively scrimmage. They seem to claim the right to do all the agitating themselves, while contending that the free silver man, who believes that our greatest business troubles come from the discrimination against silver, should keep his mouth shut and grin and bear it in silence. But this whole business is a farce, or would be if the effect were not to help, as far as these leaders can, to continue the Republican party in power and to send Mark Hanna back to the Senate. Perhaps this is the view that the honest men of the gold party take of it, which may account for the slim attendance at and the small interest taken in that so-called State convention.

* * *

Some persons consider it remarkable that Mexico's silver bonds should be increasing in value in the market while Mexico's silver money is depreciating, but there is nothing remarkable in it. The gold manipulators of the world are playing to force Mexico to a gold basis and therefore they are pulling together to depreciate silver. Counting upon their ability to do this, they see money in the bonds and are therefore anxious to possess them, for if they succeed in driving Mexico to a gold basis then they will insist that these bonds now payable in silver—Mexico's standard money—will then be paid in gold—Mexico's standard money. This is precisely the same game they played on this country when they secured the demonetization of silver and followed this up by securing the resumption of specie payments, when they contended that gold being the standard money all Government obligations were payable in gold. It is the same game they have played on all silver-using countries where they have succeeded in demonetizing silver.

A company has been organized in St. Louis to dredge the bottom of the Yukon river for gold. When they get through with that they will probably go to dredging Bering sea.

After serious illness Hood's Sarsaparilla has wonderful building up power. It purifies the blood and restores perfect health.

TWINKLINGS.

— Too Dark To See Her: Father—"I believe Charlie Huggem called to see you last night?"

Daughter—"Yes, papa, he did."

Father—"It's strange you didn't have the lamp turned up so he could."—*Ohio State Journal.*

— Mrs. Goodgirl—And, in the evening, after you are through your weary, weary rounds, and are ready to sink with fatigue, I suppose you retire at once to rest?"

Letter Carrier—"No, mum; I ride my bicycle."—*Puck.*

— "Young man," said the elderly gentleman, in a choking voice, "she is the only daughter I have."

"Yes," acknowledged the young man, "that is one reason I thought I would like to marry her."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Part of the Bluff—"Why," she finally ventured to falter, "do you look so sad when we are sitting thus?"

"Because," he answered, gazing tenderly down into her troubled eyes, "a man always looks sad when he holds a lovely hand."

She was somewhat reassured, although she did not altogether understand."—*Detroit Journal.*

— Mrs. Weston—I was reminded of my courtship days to-day at something John said to me.

Mrs. Easton—Some term of endearment, I suppose?

Mrs. Weston—Yes; he said I was a great goose. He used to call me his little birdie. You see, I have grown some since then.—*Boston Transcript.*

— She—"Do you believe that there ever was really such a thing as a mermaid?"

He—"Well, I don't know as that. But there's one thing I'm sure of."

She—"What?"

He—"If there ever was a mermaid, I'll bet she did most of her bathing out on the sand when there happened to be men around."—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— Sandy—"Yes, I called the old son of a gun a liar and everything else I could think of. I told him if he ever opened his mouth to me I'd break every bone in his body."

Vandy—"What did he say to that?"

Sandy—"I don't know yet. He won't get the letter till this evening."—*Scottish Leader.*

— Difficult Retrospection—"My friends," exclaimed the eloquent minister, "were the average man to turn and look himself squarely in the eyes, and ask himself what he really needed most, what would be the first reply suggested to his mind?"

"A rubber neck!" shouted the precocious urchin in the rear of the room; and, in the confusion which followed, the good man lost his place in his manuscript, and began over again."—*Puck.*

Miraculous Benefit

RECEIVED FROM

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure.

ELI F. BABCOCK, of Avoca, N. Y., a veteran of the 3rd N. Y. Artillery and for thirty years of the Babcock & Munsel Carriage Co., of Auburn, says: "I write to express my gratitude for the miraculous benefit received from Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. I suffered for years, as result of army life, from sciatica which affected my heart in the worst form, my limbs swelled from the ankles up. I bloated until I was unable to button my clothing; had sharp pains about the heart, smothering spells and shortness of breath. For three months I was unable to lie down, and all the sleep I got was in an arm chair. I was treated by the best doctors but gradually grew worse. About a year ago I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and it saved my life as if by a miracle."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart sent free. Address,

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills are guaranteed to relieve Headache in 20 minutes. "One cent a dose."

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. Cures All Pain. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists.

June 13 1y su tu th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Mr. Jno. F. Owen died at his home in Roseboro at 12 o'clock Monday of typhoid fever. He had been lingering at death's door for some weeks, but was thought to be improving until Sunday, when hemorrhage of the bowels set in and quickly ended his life.

— Smithfield *Herald*: It is with sorrow that we announce the death of one of Johnston's most loyal and conservative citizens, Mr. G. G. Edgerton, of Bagley. Mr. Edgerton passed away at his home in that town last Monday night, after an illness of only a few hours. He was in Smithfield last week in attendance at court. He was the picture of health then.

— Winston *Sentinel*: A colored man named Adams is here exhibiting his fifteen-year old son whom he claims is on the order of a spiritualist. He was at the colored Presbyterian church last night and will appear at the Baptist church in East Winston to-night. Those who have seen the boy say he is wonderful. One can hear a feminine voice on the inside of him and when asked it will tell the name of the questioner at once.

— Tarboro *Southerner*: It is with sorrow, shared by the entire community, that the *Southerner* notes the death of Mr. David Pender, at Baltimore, on Sunday night last. He left Tarboro on Friday for the purpose of buying his Fall stock of goods, and before leaving expressed himself as feeling in good spirits and equal to taking the trip. He arrived in Baltimore Saturday morning and went to the University Hospital for a little rest and treatment but apparently without ill effect from the journey Sunday evening he went out to visit a friend, returning to the hospital about nine o'clock and was in the act of undressing when he fell and expired in a short while. He was a sufferer from Bright's disease and rheumatism. Mr. Pender was born May 20th, 1831, and was in his 67th year at the time of his death.

CURRENT COMMENT.

— It remained for the New York Mail and Express to discover that Mr. Gorman has been in decline ever since he took occasion to criticise Mr. Cleveland. The Mail and Express is filching Mugwump thunder.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

— "The importers," says the Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune, crowded into the country all the foreign goods which they could get in under the low tariff rates of the Wilson law prior to the enactment of the protective measure now upon the statue books." And "prosperity" followed like a flood We should be the richest country in the world if we had Democratic "low tariff rates all the time."—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

— The felonious 22d paragraph in this Dingley act is described by some of the Protectionist organs as the one thing that was needed to make the tariff a complete measure. Something is to be said in favor of this view, as the paragraph is in perfect keeping with much other iniquity of the tariff. With the admiring organs the question how the paragraph got into the tariff is a matter of no concern so that it is there.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

— The Vice President of the association of importing tailors that got the personal effects clause into the Dingley bill says he believe that "if the clause were vigorously enforced the revenue would be at least $3,500,000 a year." But when these tailors asked for this clause they pursuaded the scientific Dingly that it would bring in at least $20,000,000 a year. He finally fixed $10,000,000 as the lowest possible estimate. But the actual returns will be well under $400,000.—*New York World, Dem.*

THE OLD GARDENER.

His Love For Long Words and the Beauties of Nature.

"Do you remember," asked the owner of a large country place, "a man in one of Stockton's stories whose great ambition was to own a dictionary? Well, I have just that fellow in my employ now. My gardener might have furnished the original, in that respect at least, for the character the writer was describing. I always noticed Michael's passion for long words, but it was by accident that he revealed to me one day how much he would like to have a dictionary of his own in which he might hunt up his beloved polysyllables. I gave him one, and after that his conversation was more resplendent than ever. He was not always quite sure of his ground, but he invariably succeeded in producing an impressive result. On one occasion, I remember, my next neighbor had quietly appropriated several bushels of my early bough apples, which grew unfortunately near to the boundary line between the two places. It was not a matter worth making much fuss about, yet I should have liked to stop it, and in talking it over with Michael I said, half to him and half to myself, 'I wonder what would be the best thing to do.'

"'Well, sir,' said he, 'this is what I think: You'll just do nothing whatever at present. You'll wait till them late russet appies of his is ripe and then you'll gather a heap o' them some night and r-r-retaliate the compliment.'

"Michael always had a grudge against this particular neighbor anyway, and held his gardening ideas in especial contempt. So one day, when I chanced to be the first to discover that Mr. —— had cut down one of his most beautiful hedges to make room for something else, I hastened to tell Michael and get his opinion upon the desecration. He had a deep, genuine affection for all growing things, and his eyes glowed wrathfully when he heard of the murdered laurel bushes, even though they grew outside of his own domain.

"'What do you think of the performance?' I asked.

"'Mr. ——,' replied the old fellow, speaking slowly and emphasizing every word, 'the man that would do that ought to be excommunicated from the church and denied Christian burial.' Coming from a good Catholic like Michael, I think this will stand as a pretty severe sentence."—New York Tribune.

The Grandest Remedy.

Mr. R. B. Creeve, merchant, of Chilhowie, Va., certifies that he had consumption, was given up to die, sought all medical treatment that money could procure, tried all cough remedies he could hear of, but got no relief; spent many nights sitting up in a chair; was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and was cured by use of two bottles. For past three years has been attending to business, and says Dr. King's New Discovery is the grandest remedy ever made, as it has done so much for him and also for others in his community. Dr. King's New Discovery for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. It don't fail. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ISLAND OF JAMAICA.

THE COLORED PEOPLE GREATLY OUTNUMBER THE WHITES.

The Latter Are Being Rapidly Crowded Out—Tropical Fruits and Vegetables. Character In a Barber Shop—Signs of Progress From the United States.

I found myself in a great, shadowy, roomy hotel, with hard wood floors and furlongs of verands, giving on a garden which had run somewhat to seed, but contained several palm trees and an assortment of lizards, green and brown, in agreeable confirmation of the propinquity of the equator. Roundabout this hotel and its environment we wandered till lunch was ready. There were oranges, bananas and several other fruits which I do not specify only because I am still unable to recollect their names. As to their flavor, I can only say that I do not care much for it as yet. There was one that tasted like butter and another that had the consistency of cream cheese and the taste of strawberry jam.

On the whole, the flavor of these southern products strikes the northern visitor as insipid and too sweet and makes one understand why Englishmen always hanker after curries and the like sharp condiments in the tropics, but no doubt we are sophisticated and wrong and ought to like what seems to us insipidity. Meanwhile the oranges, bananas and pineapples are all much better here than they ever are after enduring export.

As for the breadfruit and yams, of which we also had specimens, they are a mixture of the potato and the sweet potato and are less captivating than either. They have almost no taste at all, and I should suppose that one finally would come to regard them in much the same light as bread, something usefully filling, but without character enough to inspire either loathing or devotion. With the aid of sauces and gravies, however, they go down very well.

The bill of fare included, likewise, fish which was good and meat which was not very good. It has to be eaten too soon after killing to have lost its toughness. But one does not expect to eat much meat down here. Vegetarians are in their element in the tropics, especially that superior order of them who favor that part of the vegetable kingdom which grows above ground. The country women, who walk 15 to 25 miles a day in the sun with burdens on their heads which must sometimes weigh not less than 50 pounds, and who are never in the least tired—these ladies, it appears, live on fruit and yams only and find them all sufficient diet.

After dinner I went into a barber shop and submitted myself to the ministrations of an artist there. The shop was at the rear of the little structure which bore the sign. The front part of it, if I remember right, was devoted in part to the sale of tobacco. On three sides of the room were windows protected by wooden gratings painted red and blue. Through them I saw bits of intense blue sky and green fronds of palm. On a wall just outside the sash a lizard ran and hopped, and the eternal buzzard alighted on a corner of a roof within my range of vision. Close beside me a young darky, with a countenance of illimitable amiability, labored assiduously on an instrument in the nature of a hand organ, but the works were in full view, and, in the opinion of several bystanders, seemed to vie in interest with the tunes. This music took the place of the traditional barber's conversation, though that also was abundantly available on demand and was indeed carried on with much vivacity between the various employees and some visitors who appeared to have come in for that purpose. It sounded like a mixture of Italian and French, and may have been Jamaican popular English, for aught I know. I could not understand it.

I accepted all these details as being typically tropical, but, on the other hand, the chair in which I sat was made in Rochester. On the wall were a large lithograph of Brooklyn bridge and a portrait of President Cleveland. Electricity, too, has got to Kingston, and the wires run through the branches of the mangoes and palms. The house in which I have taken up my abode is fitted throughout with electric bells, but I am happy to add that none of them works. In one of the larger shops, I think, there is an elevator, the only one on the island.

I said just now that the white people look out of place. That fact, so far as I can judge, is the moral of the story here. The island belongs to the colored folk, and the others are gradually being crowded out. The proportion is already about 80 to 1 against the latter, and, while the colored race goes on multiplying, the whites are packing their trunks and moving out. Is this movement to be arrested or not? I doubt whether it will be arrested by the English.

Workmen imported from the States do not succeed here—that is, they all die in two years from rum. The coolies do admirably, but they cannot be the final solution of the problem. Perhaps the best thing we can do is to become colored people ourselves.—"Summer at Christmastide," by Julian Hawthorne, in Century.

The Pope's Dominant Trait.

My friend Paul Bourget defines the American as "a man who invariably uses the newest method." This is also the dominant trait in the character of Leo XIII. Within the measure permitted him by a heavy chain of traditions, he does not hesitate to grasp the most modern weapons in defense of his ancient faith, and this deliberate boldness explains his penchant for the American character. Yet in those very innovations which most alarm his timid advisers he is conscious of being far less an innovator than a restorer of forgotten traditions. He relies upon the examples set by the great popes of the middle ages, who, in their day, came down to the market place, stirred the crowds and led the people on to new horizons.—Vicomte E. Melchior de Vogüe in Forum.

A Family of Sixty-two Children.

The Italians are discussing the advisability of pensioning Mrs. Maddalena Grannatia, a lady of 57, who lives near Nocera, 12 miles from Naples. Her husband has been dead ten years, but during the 19 years they lived together as man and wife they had 62 children born to them, 59 of the lot being males. Eleven different times in nine years triplets were born, and on three different occasions four boys were announced, and once there were four boys and a girl.

Something to Know.

It may be worth something to know that the very best medicine for restoring the tired out nervous system to a healthy vigor is Electric Bitters. This medicine is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone to the nerve centres in the stomach, gently stimulates the Liver and Kidneys, and aids these organs in throwing of impurities in the blood. Electric Bitters improves the appetite, aids digestion, and is pronounced by those who have tried it as the very best blood purifier and nerve tonic. Try it. Sold for 50c. and $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

FROM LOWELL, MASS.

The Home of Hood's Sarsaparilla—A Wonderful Cure.

"A swelling as big as a large marble came under my tongue. Physicians said it was a semi-transparent tumor and must be operated upon. I felt I could not stand it, and as spring came began to take my favorite spring tonic, Hood's Sarsaparilla. The bunch gradually decreased and finally disappeared. I have had no sign of its return. I am glad to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. H. M. CORLISS, 8 Union St., Lowell, Mass. Get HOOD'S.

Hood's Pills cure Sick Headache. 25c.

ALWAYS USE

Kuyler's

(PINK WRAPPER.)

VANILLA CHOCOLATE.

UNSURPASSED FOR EATING, DRINKING & COOKING.

sep 4 6m su

The Other Baby.

They occupied the seats opposite me in the railway station. There were four men and one little woman and one very little sick baby. It was not hard to see where the interest of the group centered itself. The young father himself was scarcely more solicitous for the infant than was each and every one of his three brothers. It was quite evident that the heart strings of five people lay loosely in the thin, nerveless hand of that young one.

They were going west. So the placards said which were pasted here and there over the baggage. The baby lay motionless upon a pillow. It was evidently just snatched from the jaws of death. The eyes were closed, the face emaciated to the point of ugliness, the hands the tiny, fleshless claws of a bird.

The young wife leaned her head upon the shoulder of her husband and closed her eyes. She was very pretty, despite the dark circles under her eyes, and very young—about 18. The baby on his pillow lay upon her knees.

Suddenly, in another portion of the waiting room a child laughed. A mischievous, bubbling sort of laugh, which made the waiting ones about the depot look at each other and smile.

The little mother opened her eyes and glanced up at her husband.

"Jack," she said, "I wish our baby could laugh like that."—Philadelphia Press.

Interesting to the Clergy.

A minister who used to preach in Somerville had a little boy. A few days before his father left the city to go to his new parish one of his neighbors said to the little boy:

"So your father is going to work in New Bedford, is he?"

"Oh, no," he said, "only preach."—Somerville Journal.

The victories of Hood's Sarsaparilla over all Forms of disease Conclusively prove That it is an unequalled Blood purifier. It conquers The demon, Scrofula. Relieves the itching and burning of salt rheum cures running sores, ulcers, boils pimples, and every other form of humor or disease originating in impure blood. The cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla are cures—absolute, permanent, perfect cures. They are based upon its great power to purify and enrich the blood.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute		6½	7
Standard			7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb		12	14
Sides ₩ lb		5	7
Shoulders ₩ lb		5	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb		5½	6¼
Shoulders ₩ lb			6
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		1 00	1 10
New New York, each		1 35	1 40
New City, each		1 30	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb		22	25
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ₩ M		5 00	7 00
Northern		9 00	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ₩ lb		10	16
Northern		18	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks			45½
Virginia Meal			48½
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle			75
CANDLES—₩ lb—			
Sperm		18	25
Adamantine		9	10
CHEESE—₩ lb—			
Northern Factory		11	12½
Dairy, Cream		12	13
State			10
COFFEE—₩ lb—			
Laguyra		20	
Rio		8	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard			5½
Yarns, ₩ bunch		18	20
EGGS—₩ dozen		11	12½
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ₩ barrel		22 00	23 00
Mackerel, No 1, ₩ half-barrel		11 00	11 50
Mackerel, No 2, ₩ barrel		18 00	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ₩ half-barrel		9 00	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ₩ barrel		15 00	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel		4 00	4 25
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel			5 00
N. C. Roe Shad, ₩ keg		3 00	3 25
Dry Cod, ₩ lb		5	10
Extra		3 25	3 50
FLOUR—₩ barrel—			
Low grade		3 75	4 00
Choice			4 25
Straight			4 75
Fine Patent		5 25	5 75
GLUE—₩ lb		7½	8½
GRAIN—₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White			50
Corn, in bags—White			70
Oats, from store			30
Oats, Rust Proof		37½	
Cow Peas		50	55
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green			5
Dry			8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Prime Hay		80	85
Rice Straw			50
Eastern			1 00
Western		90	95
North River			85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb		1½	3
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern		5½	6
North Carolina		5	5½
LIME, ₩ barrel		1 15	1 25
LUMBER (Retail Prices) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed		12 00	20 00
Rough-edge Plank		12 00	18 00
West India cargoes, according to quality		12 00	18 00
Dressed Flooring		18 00	22 00
Scantling and Board, common		12 00	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hhds			26
" " in bbls			28
Porto Rico, in hhds			26
" " in bbls			28
Sugar-House, in hhds		13	14
" " in bbls		14	15
Syrup, in bbls		12	15
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis		1 80	2 00
PORK, ₩ bbl—			
City Mess		9 50	10 00
Rump			9 00
Prime			8 00
ROPE, ₩ lb		10	12
SALT, ₩ sack Alum			75
Liverpool			80
Ashton			85
American		40	60
On ICE ₩ Sacks			75
SHINGLES, 24-inch, ₩ M		2 00	2 50
Cypress		3 00	3 50
Common Sage		2 50	3 00
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Granu'd			5½
Standard A			5
White Ex. C			4¾
Extra C, Golden			4½
C, Yellow			4
SOAP, ₩ box—Northern		5½	6
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. hhd		9 00	14 00
R. O. Hogshead			10 00
TIMBER, ₩ foot—Shipping			10 00
Mill, Rafts			7 00
Mill, Yaw		8 50	9 00
Common Mill		6 00	7 00
Inch Stuff			8 00
Scantling to Cedar			10 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress, Sawed, ₩ M Gulf heart		7 00	8 00
Sap		5 00	6 00
Extra Heart		6 00	7 00
Sap		4 00	5 00
Gulf Heart		4 00	5 00
Sap		3 00	4 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb			4
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon		1 25	1 30
North Carolina		1 25	1 30
WOOL, ₩ lb—Unwashed			18

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, September 10.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 27½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 27¼ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.15 per bbl for Strained and $1.20 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm; $1.80 per barrel for Hard, 1.80 for Yellow Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 31½c; quiet, 31½c; rosin firm, $1.35, 1.40; tar steady, $1.05; crude turpentine quiet and steady, $1.20, 1.55, 1.65.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	103
Rosin	443
Tar	109
Crude Turpentine	55

Receipts same day last year—209 casks spirits turpentine, 797 bbls rosin, 98 bbls tar, 38 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 6 13 16c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4 7-16 cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	5 13-16 " "
Low Middling	6 7-16 " "
Middling	6 12-16 " "
Good Middling	7¼ " "

Same day last year, middling 7⅜c.

Receipts—1,146 bales; same day last year 1,760.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 70c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c. Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 2.75; seven inch $3.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended September 10, 1897.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
6,948	84	2,493	1,154	266

RECEIPTS.

For week ended September 11, 1896

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
7,619	1,459	9,583	1,383	849

EXPORTS.

For week ended September 10, 1897.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	11	601	943	1,077	167
Foreign	00	000	0.0	000	000
	11	601	943	1,077	167

EXPORTS.

For week ended September 11, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	701	646	5	822	437
Foreign	000	500	11,492	000	000
	701	1,146	11,497	823	437

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, Sept. 10, 1897.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	3,497	3,790	7,287
Spirits	2,578	12	2,590
Rosin	44,170	00	44,170
Tar	1,302	00	1,302
Crude	343	00	343

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, Sept. 11, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
14,697	2,997	33,665	5,749	651

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10—Evening.—Money on call easy at 1¼@3 per cent., last loan at 1½ and closed offered 1½@3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent Sterling exchange was weak; actual business in bankers' bills at 485¾@486 for demand; 483½@483¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 484½@485¾ and 486½@487¾. Commercial bills 483½@483¾. Silver certificates 53@54. Government bonds strong; new fours, registered, 126; new fours, coupon, 126; fours, registered, 111⅞; fours, coupon, 113¾; twos, registered, 98½; fives, registered, 114½; fives, coupon, 114¾. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 126, North Carolina fours 103¼. Railroad bonds strong.

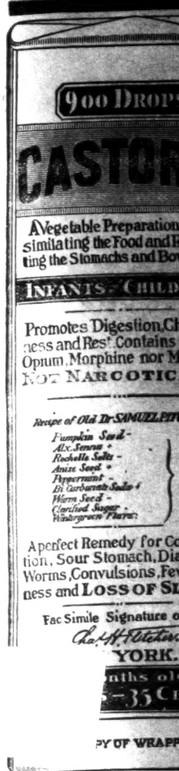
NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 45@1 50. Spirits turpentine steady at 30½@31.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 10.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 27½c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels: A, B, $1 10; C, D $1 15; E $1 20, F $1 25, G $1 30, H $1 40, I, $1 45, K $1 45, M $1 50, N $1 70, W G $1 95; W W $2 20.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 10.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27½c; sales 506 casks; receipts 1,581 casks. Rosin fir



CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature

—OF—

Chas. H. Fletcher.

ON THE

WRAPPER

OF EVERY

BOTTLE

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WORTH & WORTH

OFFER FOR SALE

Best Quality, Full Meight

Flour, Bacon, Sugar,

Lard, Molasses,

MEAL, SALT, LIME, CEMENT,

Plaster, Hay, Corn, Hoop Iron,

OATS, RIVETS, GLUE.

Bagging and Ties

AT Low Prices.

au 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THE SUN

The first of American Newspapers, CHARLES A. DANA. Editor.

The American Constitution, the American Idea, the American Spirit. These first, last, and all the time, forever.

Daily, by Mail, - - - - - $6 a Year
Daily and Sunday, by mail, 8 a Year

The Sunday Sun

is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.

Price 5c. a copy. By mail, $2 a year

Address THE SUN, New York.

dec 15 tf

LEA & PERRINS

Signature is printed in BLUE diagonally across the OUTSIDE wrapper

Lea Perrins

of every bottle of (the Original and Genuine) Worcestershire

SAUCE

As a further protection against all imitations.

Agents for the United States.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.

FASHIONS CHANGE BUT

POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at

ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

DEEDS NOT WORDS.

If words could satisfy the heart
The heart might find less care,
But words, like summer birds, depart
And leave but empty air.
The heart, a pilgrim upon earth,
Finds often, when it needs,
That words are as little worth
As just so many weeds.

A little said—and truly said—
Can deeper joy impart
Than hosts of words, which reach the head,
But never touch the heart.
The voice that wins its sunny way,
A lonely home to cheer,
Hath oft the fewest words to say;
But, oh, those few—how dear!

If words could satisfy the breast,
The world might hold a feast,
But words, when summoned to the test,
Oft satisfy the least.
Like plants that make a gandy show,
All blossom to the root,
But whose poor nature cannot grow
One particle of fruit.
—Charles Swain in Housewife.

THE HARDY HOUSE.

"Here we are at last, girls," I cried cheerily, gathering up bags and umbrellas as the negro porter drawled out in his lazy voice:

"An-nis-ton!"

"Oh, I am so tired!" Bess said in such a faint voice and with such a white, tired face that I hurried her into the fly waiting at the dingy little station.

"To the old Hardy house," I ordered briefly to the driver as he closed the door, and even in the gathering dusk Loo and I noticed his start of surprise.

"Depend upon it, the house is haunted!" cried imaginative Loo. The man looked as if he had seen a ghost.

I gave her a warning glance, but Bess had not heeded; indeed she seemed to have fallen into a doze, which lasted until she was lifted out and carried into the cottage in the strong arms of Anne Duty.

Dismissing the man, Loo and I lingered outside awhile trying to make out something of our novel surroundings, but beyond the low, rambling old house we could see nothing, not even a village light, so closely were we shut in by great trees.

Loo shivered slightly.

"How dark and weird it looks!" she whispered, running into the brightly lighted front room, where Anne Duty, having deposited Bess on the broad, low lounge, was already occupied in making tea.

"I wish Dr. Cross had telegraphed old Dr. Deering to meet us at the station. It would have been a little less lonesome," grumbled Loo, later on, when Bess had been left comfortably asleep in the wide, low ceiled room on the ground floor, the only one that had been got ready, Anne explained.

"I think Dr. Deering has been put to enough trouble for us, renting the house and all that," I was beginning to remonstrate, when Anne Duty coming in interrupted me.

"Miss Katherine," she began in what Loo calls her graveyard voice, "Miss Katherine, I don't want that what I am going to say should frighten you, but I can't nowayes reconcile it to my conscience not to tell you. A ghost walks this old rattletrap of a house."

I could not help laughing—her tone was so sepulchral—but she went on without noticing my levity, while Loo listened with wide eyes.

"The man that brought me out with the boxes this morning said he had seen it, and you couldn't hire him to come near the place after dark; that lots of folks out late of dark stormy nights had seen blue lights burning in the room up stairs, and he said he wasn't the only one that had seen a white figure flitting through the dark hall, though nobody has lived in the house since, two years ago, a wicked, swearing young fellow died here, crying out at the last that he had sold his soul to the devil for drink, and it was burning him up.

"And Miss Katherine, honey, would you believe it, every blessed bit of furniture that had been sent on ahead was piled up ont there on the porch, just as they dumped it down, not a stick put in out of the weather? And a blessed thing it hasn't rained."

Anne paused at last for breath.

Loo looked fearfully around the cheerful but rather dilapidated little room, and, moving her chair nearer mine, she said in a low tone, as if afraid of the ghost overhearing her:

"I can't imagine what induced old Dr. Deering to send us to this horrid old hannted house anyway. He might have known"—

"Loo," I interrupted sternly, for her voice was beginning to tremble, and I have all a man's horror of hysterics, "you know well enough Dr. Deering has been kindness itself. What claim have we upon him, I should like to know, except that we are friends and patients of old Dr. Cross? And you, as well as I, saw the letter in which he described this old house and said its location made it the very place for Bess to recover her shattered nerves, quiet and so near the sulphur water Dr. Cross has sent her here to drink.

"And now, Anne," turning to our faithful old servant and friend, "you have too much sense, I know, to utter a word of this nonsense where Bess can hear it, and I advise you to get it out of your own stupid old head as quickly as possible. As for me," yawning, "I am too tired and sleepy to sit up any longer, ghosts or no ghosts." And in a short time the old house was wrapped in darkness and silence.

I had been asleep I don't know how long when suddenly I felt a rush of cold air and heard a sound like a low, sobbing sigh.

"Oh, Kit!" wailed Loo under her breath and clutching my arm convulsively, "did you feel it? Did you hear it? What was it?"

"I felt the wind blowing in through a broken window," I answered courageously, for, though I was only 20 and a girl, I had not been the head of the family so many years for nothing.

Anne Duty came rushing in with a sheet wrapped about her and a lighted candle in her hand, just as Bess awoke, asking in her weak voice what we were all doing up in the middle of the night. While I slipped on my dressing gown and lighted a candle on the stand near the bed, I told her as calmly as I could, for my heart was beating violently, that I thought a door or window up stairs had blown open, and Anne and I were going up to see while Loo remained with her.

Then I went out, Anne following bravely, though I could hear her teeth chattering, and the candle shook so I had to take it from her. As we shut the door behind us I heard the scrape of a match, and a bright light flashed out from a room at the head of the stairs.

"Ghosts don't usually carry matches about them," I said to poor trembling Anne in a would be sarcastic tone which my own terror kept from being a success. "Better a dozen ghosts," I thought, "than one live burglar."

Slowly we mounted the creaking stairs till just as I reached the top a tall man, clad in a light gray suit, stepped out from the room, confronting me. A smothered shriek from Anne was for a moment the only sound that broke the stillness.

The light from my candle shone full upon the intruder's face, and I saw that he was young, good looking and unmistakably a gentleman. Anne, too, must have seen as much, for I heard her scuttling down the stairs behind me much faster than she came up, evidently mindful of her costume.

Curiously enough, I did not think of my own appearance, but stood stock still, staring at the man, who stared back at me for fully two minutes, then lifted his hat and said courteously:

"I beg your pardon, but have I the honor of addressing Miss Blake?"

I bowed dumbly, wondering what on earth he would say next.

"Then," he went on pleasantly, "I owe you an apology for my unceremonious intrusion, but I have been absent from the village for several days. I reached home only a few hours ago and had not heard of your arrival. You must have changed your plans suddenly, for I was not expecting you until next week," this with an inquiring glance.

He expecting us! Was the man crazy?

"Yes," I stammered, "the physician, Dr. Cross, thought it would be best to get Bess, my sister—she has been sick—away from the city as soon as possible, so we came on today.

"And the people told us," I went on incoherently, "that the house was haunted, and we thought you were a ghost, and"—

He laughed at this and drew himself up a little. "A very substantial ghost," he said lightly, adding more earnestly:

"I really am so sorry for causing you annoyance. You see, I have been using this old house as a kind of a laboratory, making all sorts of chemical experiments here during the uncanny night hours, so it is no wonder the place has acquired an evil reputation. I ran over tonight to put things together a bit, to prepare for their removal before you came, but you took me unawares, and"—

"But who are you?" I interrupted, unable to restrain my curiosity any longer.

"Why, haven't I told you? I am Dr. Deering, at your service."

"Dr. Deering? Why, we thought—Dr. Cross said—surely Dr. Cross spoke of you as an old friend," and in my confusion the candle slipped and went out, but not before I had caught the twinkle in his handsome eyes.

"I am his old friend, inasmuch as he has known me all my life," he said, stooping to recover the candle, adding gently, "Dr. Cross has confided you and your sisters to my care, and I hope you are not the less inclined to trust me because I happen to be not so old in years or wisdom as the good old doctor himself."

I do not know what reply I made; something foolish it must have been, for I suddenly became blushingly conscious that I was attired in an old blue dressing gown, and this man, this stranger, was regarding me with rather quizzical eyes.

With a muttered "Good night!" I fled precipitately, leaving him to find his own way out, while I recounted to the girls as much of my ghostly adventure as I thought it needful for them to know.

This was the beginning of our stay in the old Hardy house. When I left, it was not to return to the city, for Dr. Deering had persuaded me to remain in Anniston.—Margaret Foley Blashford in New York Journal.

THE SOOTY PETREL.

A Fish Eating Bird That Is Deemed a Delicacy In Australia.

Tastes differ in different latitudes, even among English speaking people. Imagine Caucasians dining on salted petrels, and with a relish, too, as though that fish eating sea bird were a luxury. Of all the fowls that haunt the barren islands on the California coast none is considered quite so worthless as the sooty petrel. Even the sea gull has his usefulness as a scavenger on the bays along the coast, but the petrel is truly a despised bird in these waters. Sea gulls' eggs bring a price in the market that makes it worth while to gather them at a considerable expense, but no one thinks it worth while to rob the petrels' nests on the rookeries at the Farallone islands.

It is different in Australia. Is it the cold winds that blow up from the antarctic regions or the hot air that sweeps down from the equator? No matter what the cause, the fact is that the appetites of our Australian cousins are radically different. The sooty petrel is there an edible fowl, with a decided market value, and a number of men and small craft are employed each year in catching, salting, packing and carrying it in great quantities from the rookeries on Trefoil island and other adjoining islands on the north coast of Tasmania to Stanley and Melbourne.

Mutton bird is the general name given the petrel there, and the men and ships engaged in the business are known as mutton birders. To Americans this is quite a novel industry, and the fact that such common sea birds as the petrel are packed and salted down like so much pork is always a matter of wonderment to strangers who go there. But the test of the pudding is in the eating of it, and those who have dined off mutton birds instead of land mutton pronounce the one every bit as good as the other.

If you leave San Francisco in August, sailing westward and southward, you will pass many great flocks of birds that will be pointed out to you as sooty petrels—or they will pass you, for they are traveling about three times faster than you are. And when you reach Melbourne and have become acclimated enough to venture a trip across to Tasmania, you may dine off the young of those very birds that passed you on the California coast, only now they will be served to you as mutton birds.

These fowls leave the Farallones every few months and once every year they visit Australia. Trefoil island is their chief roosting place in the southern hemisphere, so far as is known. Here they scratch and dig in the barren soil until they have burrowed a hole perhaps two feet deep. Into these holes each hen in the immense flock deposits her one egg. The mutton birder inserts his arm full stretch for his game. He does not take the egg, but waits a week or ten days after the egg has been hatched. Then he finds the young bird almost as big as the parent, but much more tender and fat. On land the petrel is quite unable to escape from the catchers. It cannot mount into the air from off the land, though its wings are enormously long in proportion to its black body, and it rises quite gracefully from the water. On shore, however, the strange bird must hop along at a slow pace and can only fly from the top of a ledge. Certain points of Trefoil island are littered with thousands of these nests, and it is no difficult task to gather the yearly harvest of young mutton birds. The mutton birding season on Trefoil island lasts from a month to six weeks, and this includes the catching, salting, packing and shipping. They are packed in casks, and these are loaded on coasting schooners that come after them from Tasmania and Melbourne.

By the time the fresh crop of mutton birds is being eaten at Melbourne the adult parents, with perhaps a certain percentage of the young ones that have escaped the catchers, are returning to their old haunts, occupying the old and scratching new nests on the Farallone islands. Here the birds are practically unmolested, and it may thus be said, with some basis in reason, that the California coast is supplying the Australian coasters with their edible sea fowl.

It is true, of course, that the petrel finds other quiet nesting places besides the islands off the California coast, but it is also true that Catalina, the Santa Barbara channel islands and the Farallones are their chief rookeries on this coast, and that at certain seasons these islands are entirely deserted by them, while the islands off Tasmania and the southern coast of Australia then swarm with them.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidney, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure, this is your remedy. Sold by R. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner of Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind." †

Health and Recreation

—AT THE—

Summer Homes and Re sorts Along the Seaboard Air Line.

FINEST

Lithia Springs in the World.

Excursion Tickets.

TO LITTLETON, N. C.

Panacea Springs. The analysis of the Panacea Water proves it to be a sure cure for dyspepsia, chronic diarrhœa, kidney and liver troubles, eczema and scrofula, and it is particularly efficacious in restoring weak men, delicate females and sickly children to health.

TO LINCOLNTON, N. C

Mineral Springs, Lithia Arsenic and Alum. The waters of the famous Lincoln Lithia Springs, are celebrated throughout the United States for their healing qualities in diseases of the kidney and bladder; also for gout, rheumatism, and the varied forms of dyspepsia.

TO SHELBY, N. C.

The famous Sulphur Springs at Cleveland and Patterson, two and four miles respectively from town. The Cleveland Springs are four in number, viz: White Sulphur, Red Sulphur, Chalybeate and Pure Freestone. For half a century or more these springs have been known to possess rare medicinal virtue, but it is only during the last few years that an effort has been made to bring them before the public and place them where they now stand, in the front rank of well earned popularity.

TO HARRIS LITHIA SPRINGS, S. C.

The Lithia Water at these Springs is noted for its curative qualities for torpid liver, skin eruption, scrofulous diseases, kidney and bladder troubles of every kind, rheumatism and gout. The atmosphere all through the summer is delightful, and the most fastidious can hardly fail to be satisfied with the even balmy climate. Large pools have been provided for bathing, together with dancing pavilion, tennis court, bowling alleys, croquet grounds, etc., for the amusement of the pleasure-seeker and invalid.

For full information in regard to Rates, Schedules, etc., call on nearest S. A. L. Ticket Agent.

T. J. ANDERSON
Gen'l Passenger Agent,
jy 15 tf Portsmouth, Va.

Statement of The National Bank of Wilmington,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Condensed from Report to the Comptroller.

FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1897.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$281,344 24	Capital Stock	$100,000 00
Bank Building	23,000 00	Surplus	11,200 00
Re-empt on Fund with U. S. Treasurer	2,250 00	Undivided Profits	1,015 69
U. S. Bonds	10,000 00	Dividends Unpaid	230 00
Premium on U. S. Bonds	5,437 50	Circulation	45,000 00
Stocks, Securities, etc	4,998 00	Deposits	272,823 48
Over Drafts	92 14		
Due from Banks	94,459 14		
Cash and Reserve	126,097 15		
	$530,668 17		$530,668 17

No Interest Paid on Deposits. Loans Made at the Lowest Rates on Approved Security. Collections a Specialty, and Remitted for Promptly at Lowest Rates

JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, President. F. R. HAWES, Cashier.

jy 29 tf

Make Your Idle Money Work for You by Depositing it in

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company.

The next interest quarter will begin September 1st. Deposits made on or before that day begin to bear interest the 1st day of September at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

Every clerk and mechanic in Wilmington should have a nest egg in the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company. au 22 tf

The Morning Star.

Oldest Daily Newspaper In North Carolina.

CHEAPEST DAILY OF ITS CLASS.

NOTE THE FOLLOWING

Reduced Rates of Subscription:

ONE YEAR, BY MAIL	$5 00
SIX MONTHS, BY MAIL	2 50
THREE MONTHS, BY MAIL	1 25
TWO MONTHS, BY MAIL	1 00
ONE MONTH, BY MAIL	50

☞ Delivered, by carriers, to City Subscribers at 45 cents per month. Address

Wm. H. Bernard,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Bowden Lithia water

CONTAINS MORE LITHIA

Than Any Other Natural Mineral Water in the World.

The Only Known Solvent

of Stone in the Bladder and Kidneys.

From Lithia Springs, Ga. Popular Prices.

Dr. J. B. S. Holmes, ex-President Georgia State Medical Association, says: "Have used Bowden Lithia Water exclusively in bladder and kidney troubles, and the results have been most gratifying."

W. A. Wakely, M. D., Auburn, N. Y., says: "Have obtained quick and satisfactory results in Chronic Rheumatism and Bright's Disease."

BOWDEN LITHIA WATER is guaranteed to cure all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Rheumatism, Insomnia, Gout and Nervous Dyspepsia. Posts Card brings illustrated pamphlet.

Our Sparkling Table Water Has no Equal. For Sale in Any Quantity By

BOWDEN LITHIA SPRINGS CO.,

mar 8 D&W 1y 174 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

JOB PRINTING.

BOOK BINDING AND RULING.

The Star Job Printing Office, Book Bindery and Ruling Rooms

Are Complete In Their Appointments.

EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY AND CHEAPLY.

WM. H. BERNARD,

Proprietor, Wilmington, N. C.

Fayetteville, N. C., Military Academy.

A select home School for Boys. Highly indorsed. Boys from five States last session. Not a case of serious sickness since its foundation. Write for catalogue

Jy 18 D&W 1m COL. T. J. DREWRY, C. E., Principal.

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

S. P. COWAN & CO.

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First-class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO: 15. TELEPHONE NO. 15

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses.

Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $3.00. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1 00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

The Sampson Democrat.

Published Every Thursday.

L. A. BETHUNE, Editor and Prop'r.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE:

One Year $1; Six Months 50c

It pays business men to advertise in it. Rates and sample copies furnished upon application.

Address

The Sampson Democrat,

feb 16 tf CLINTON, N. C.

MAXTON BUILDING —AND— LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton
Bd. McRae, Maxton.
J. B. Sellers, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
R. W. Livermore, Pates.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington,
B. F. McRae, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
jy 1 1m

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 Bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Jan 22

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO

ATLANTA, CHARLOTTE, ATHENS, WILMINGTON, NEW ORLEANS, CHATTANOOGA AND NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, WASHINGTON, NORFOLK, RICHMOND.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT May 30, 1897

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*6 30 p m	
Leave Lumberton	5 36 p m	
Leave Maxton	6 12 p m	
Leave Laurinburg	6 52 p m	
Arrive Hamlet	6 53 p m	
Leave Hamlet	7 15 p m	*6 17pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	8 32am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	9 04am
Leave Marshville	8 48 p m	9 36am
Arrive Monroe	9 13 p m	9 43am
Leave Monroe	9 35 p m	7 00am
Arrive Charlotte	10 35 p m	7 50am
Arrive Mt. Holly		9 30am
Arrive Lincolnton		10 30am
Arrive Shelby		11 16pm
Arrive Kilenboro		11 55pm
Arrive Rutherfordton		12 30pm
*6 40 a m Leave Hamlet	Arrive	6 30pm
10 00 a m Arrive Cheraw	Leave	*5 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 402.
Leave Rutherfordton		*4 35pm
Leave Ellenboro		5 15pm
Leave Shelby		5 35pm
Leave Lincolnton		6 26pm
Leave Mt. Holly		7 10pm
Leave Charlotte	*5 10 am	8 20pm
Arrive Monroe	6 55 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	6 05 am	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 25 am	
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 am	10 21pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 am	11 05pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 58 am	11 30pm
Leave Hamlet	8 00 am	
Leave Laurinburg	8 46 am	
Leave Maxton	9 05 am	
Leave Lumberton	9 53 am	
Arrive Wilmington	12 05 pm	

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*6 15 am	*11 30pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 30 am	2 15am
Arrive Portsmouth	5 50 pm	7 20am
Arrive Richmond	*3 50 pm	*6 15am
Arrive Washington	11 10 pm	12 31pm
Arrive New York	6 53 am	6 20pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*6 40 am	*9 25pm
Arrive Abbeville	11 05 am	1 40am
Arrive Athens	1 15 pm	3 45am
Arrive Atlanta (Central Times)	2 50 pm	5 20am

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

Both trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
B. A. NEWLAND, Gen. Agt. P. Dept.
6 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

E. St. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen. Supt.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
General Offices, Portsmouth, Va.
feb 17 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

Schedule in Effect May 30th, 1897.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON.

10.15 P. M., Daily. Arrives Fayetteville 3.35 p. m., Sanford 5.04 p. m., Ore Hill 5.32 p. m., Greensboro 7.20 p. m., Walnut Cove 9.03 p. m., Mt. Airy 11.00 p. m. Connects with Southern Railway at Greensboro, arriving Salisbury 8.50 p. m. Asheville 12.12 a. m., Knoxville 4.00 a. m., Chattanooga 7.40 a. m., Nashville 1.35 p. m., Charlotte 10.00 p. m., Atlanta 6.10 a. m., Danville 12.00 night, Lynchburg 1.58 a. m., Charlottesville 3.35 a. m., Washington 6.43 a. m., Baltimore 8.0 a. m., Philadelphia 10.15 a. m., New York 12.43 p. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

4.30 P. M., Daily, from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Charlottesville, Lynchburg, Danville, Mt. Airy, Walnut Cove, Greensboro, Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville, Salisbury, Atlanta, Charlotte and all points North, South and West.

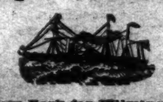
LOCAL FREIGHT TRAIN NO 8.

Leaves Wilmington 2.55 p. m., arrives Fayetteville 9.15 p. m. Passenger coach attached to this train.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
jy 1 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington

BENEFACTOR, Saturday, Sept. 11
DELAWARE, Saturday, Sept. 18

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN, Saturday, Sept. 11
BENEFACTOR, Saturday, Sept. 18

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

BENEFACTOR, Tuesday, Sept. 14
DELAWARE, Tuesday, Sept. 21

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.
sep 9 tf

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina,

"Truth."

ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.

To any non-Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only ten cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH," Raleigh, N. C.

REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.
my 9 tf D&W

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office.

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and excellent for Placing Under Carpets

Cowan's News Depot,

NO. 17 PRINCESS STREET, TWO DOORS West of the National Bank of Wilmington. New York and other leading Daily Papers, latest Magazines, Periodicals and other publications always on hand. Give us your orders. For finest nickel and dime Cigars in town, call at the Depot. ap 25 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE, IN EFFECT AUGUST 16, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.50 a m, Warsaw 11.12 a m, Goldsboro 11.56 a m, Wilson 12.50 p m, Rocky Mount 1.30 p m, Tarboro 2.10 p m, Weldon 3.00 p m, Petersburg 3.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.52 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.35 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 6.50 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.08 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.54 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, New York 2.05 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 4.00 P M No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 9 58 p m, Newbern 5 30 p m. This train leaves from Walnut street.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.59 p m, Chadbourn 6.40 p m, Marion 8.43 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.40 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.30 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Macon 11.30 a m, Augustus 7.50 p m, Savannah 3.40 a m, Charleston 10.35 p m, Jacksonville 6 [illegible] a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.40 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 9.45 P M No. 47—Passenger—Leaves Fayetteville 1.03 p m, †New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, †Baltimore 9.50 a m, Washington 11.30 a m, Richmond 6.05 a m, Petersburg 10.40 a m, Norfolk 2.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.11 p m, Rocky Mount 12.46 p m, Wilson 1.31 p m, Goldsboro 3.16 p m, Warsaw 4.08 p m, Magnolia 4.15 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.40 a m, Philadelphia 12.02 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.44 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.19 p m, †Norfolk 3.30 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.00 a m.

DAILY except Sunday No. 41—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 30 a m, Jacksonville 10 42 a m. This train arrives at Walnut street.

12 40 a m

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, 12.15 p m Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 3.25 p m Savannah 12.50 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 8.30 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.35 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m., Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.38 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.36 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 55 a m, Greenville 8.39 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18 a m, Weldon 11 38 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 2.30 a m and 1 00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 5 40 p m, returning leave Parmele 9.35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11 15 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m and 8.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave P

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 11, 1897

BUSINESS GROWS BETTER.

DUN'S REVIEW OF THE SITUATION IN TRADE.

Large Increase in Number of Men at Work—Farmers Helped by Higher Prices for Wheat—Increasing Demand for Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 10.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade tomorrow will say:

There is no halting in the advance. Business grows better in all ways. Reports of New York trades unions show an increase since one year ago of 34 per cent. in the number of men at work, and a similar increase among men in like positions throughout the country would exceed 140,000, while every week adds many establishments to the active list. The coal miners' strike has disclosed such facts and brought to light such differences that work will probably be very soon resumed by a large share of the men. The farmers are helped by higher prices for wheat, and while Western receipts do not show that they have marketed a tenth of their crop, assurance of a handsome profit to come prepares them to buy liberally hereafter. Because of this and the increase of hands at work, dealers throughout the country have started to replenish stocks, which is the great force at present operating in manufactures and trade, though distribution by retail trade has greatly increased.

Wheat has risen 5 cents the past week, not in a flurry, but in answer to the daily increasing foreign demand. Though report of the crop, now a most wholly out of danger, indicates a yield never surpassed but once, foreign accounts still strengthen the belief that the deficiency abroad will be about 100,000,000 bushels more than usual, and meanwhile reports indicate that less corn than was expected will be available for export. Its price has risen about five-eighths of a cent.

While wheat receipts at Chicago have been breaking records receipts at all the Western points are for the week a little below last year, but Atlantic exports, 8 778,138 bushels, against 4,270,755 last year for two weeks, with 5,579,771 bushels corn, against 3 575,704 last year, indicate a foreign demand apparently limited at present only by ship room.

Since the small corner in August, cotton has relapsed to 7½c. no rumors affecting prices much. Northern mills are consuming very largely, with a continuing demand for goods which has advanced the prices of many.

With enormous speculative sales of wool, which appear to constitute most of the market at Boston, there is also more buying there and elsewhere by the woollen mills, which are enjoying extraordinary demand for goods at prices averaging not quite 10 per cent. higher than was paid early in the year.

Failures for the week have been 315 in the United States, against 315 last year, and 36 in Canada, against 47 last year.

CONDITION OF COTTON.

Government Report—A Marked Decline in Almost All the States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 10.—The returns for cotton to the Department of Agriculture indicate an average condition of 78 3 on September 1st, as compared with 86 9 on August 1st, a decline of 8 6 points. The average condition September 1st for the last ten years is 79.3.

There has been a marked decline in almost all the States of principal production, the decline in Georgia being 15 points, in Arkansas 13, in Louisiana 19, in Texas, Alabama and South Carolina 8, in Tennessee 7, in Mississippi and in North Carolina 2 points. The only exception to the rule is Oklahoma where the conditions show an improvement of 9 points.

The drought that so long prevailed throughout the greater portion of the cotton belt has been followed in many important sections by excessive rains, which have done great damage to the crop. Rust and shedding are reported from hundreds of counties, and the statement "no top crop" is very frequent.

The averages of the States are as follows: Virginia, 90; North Carolina, 95; South Carolina, 84; Georgia, 80; Florida, 86; Alabama, 80; Mississippi, 81; Louisiana, 78; Texas, 70; Arkansas, 77; Tennessee, 77; Missouri, 81; Indian Territory, 93; Oklahoma, 95.

PRACTISE ECONOMY in buying medicines as in other matters. It is economy to get Hood's Sarsaparilla because it contains more medicinal value than any other, 100 doses one dollar.

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cure all liver ills. †

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

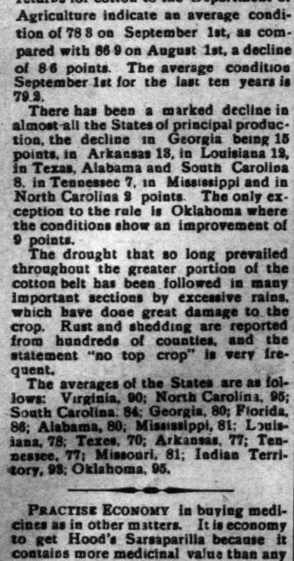
Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending Sept. 10:

	1897	1896
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	95,874	158,636
Total receipts to this date.....	115,886	188 735
Exports for the week	19,985	50,759
Total exports to this date.....	25,770	63 890
Stock in all United States ports.....	188 665	345 636
Stock at all interior towns.....	74,388	160 904
Stock in Liverpool...	438,000	454,000
American afloat for Great Britain.....	23,000	50,000

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

STRIKERS SHOT DOWN.

A MARCHING BODY OF MINERS FIRED UPON BY DEPUTIES.

Some Fifteen or Twenty Killed and a Large Number Wounded—Troops Ordered Out by the Governor of Pennsylvania.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HAZLETON, PA., September 10.—The strike situation reached a terrible crisis on the outskirts of Latimer to-day when a band of deputy sheriffs fired into an infuriated mob of miners. The men fell like so many sheep, and the excitement since has been so intense that no accurate figure of the dead and wounded can be obtained. Reports run from fifteen to twenty are killed and forty or more wounded. Many of these will die. One man who reached the scene to-night counted thirteen corpses. Four others died in the mountains. Those who were not injured carried their dead and wounded friends into the woods, and estimate is baffled. Three bodies were found to-night on the road near Latimer.

The strikers left Hazleton at 8.30 o'clock this afternoon, announcing their intention of going to Latimer. As soon as this became known, a band of deputies was loaded on a trolley car and sent whirling across the mountain to the scene where the bloody conflict followed. After reaching Latimer, they left the car and formed into three companies, under Thomas Hall, E. A. Hess and S. R. Price. They drew up in line at the edge of the village, with a fence and a line of houses in their rear.

Sheriff Martin was in command and stood in the front of the line until the strikers approached. They were seen coming across the ridge and Martin went up to meet them. The men drew up sullenly and listened in silence until he had once more read the riot act. This finished, a low muttering arose among the foreigners and there was a slight movement forward. Perceiving this, the sheriff stepped forward toward them and in a determined tone forbade the advance. Some one struck the sheriff and the next moment there was a command to the deputies to fire. The guns of the deputies instantly belched forth a terrible volley. The strikers were taken by surprise and as the men toppled and fell over each other, those who remained unhurt stampeded. The men went down before the storm of bullets like ten-pins and the groans of the dying and wounded filled the air. The excitement that followed was simply indescribable. The deputies seemed to be terror-stricken at the deadly excution of their guns and seeing the living miners fleeing and the others dropping to the earth, they went to the aid of the unfortunates whom they had brought down.

The people of Latimer rushed to the scene, but the shrieks of the wounded drowned the cries of the sympathizing and half-crazed inhabitants. A reporter who soon afterwards reached the place found the road leading to Latimer filled with groups of frightened Hungarians. Some surrounded dying companions and others, fearful of pursuit, clung to the newcomer and begged his protection. At Farley's Hotel there were two men lying on the porch. Both had been shot in the head.

WILKESBARRE, PA., September 10—Sheriff Martin arrived home on the 7 o'clock train from Hazleton. He was cool and collected. He was met at the depot by his legal adviser. The two got into a cab and drove down to the court house where they were closeted together for some time. At first the sheriff refused to say anything but finally consented to talk. The sheriff was at first reluctant to say whether he had given the command to fire, but afterwards admitted that he had.

"I heard early this morning," said he, "that the strikers were going to march to the breaker at Latimer and compel the men there to quit work. I resolved to intercept them and if possible prevent them from reaching the breaker. One of my deputies told me that the strikers would probably be heavily armed. I got my deputies, seventy in number, to meet me at a certain place. They were all armed. I told them to keep cool under all circumstances. The trouble began at 8 o'clock. I met the marching column. I halted them and read the proclamation. They refused to pay any attention and started to resume their march. Then I called to the leader to stop. He ignored my order. I then attempted to arrest him. The strikers closed in on me. They acted very viciously, kicking me, knocking me down and trampling upon me. I called upon my deputies to aid me and they did so, but they were unable to accomplish much. I realized that something had to be done at once or I would be killed. I called to the deputies to discharge their firearms into the air over the heads of the strikers as it might probably frighten them. It was done at once, but it had no effect whatever on the infuriated foreigners, who used me so much the rougher and became fiercer, more like wild beasts than human beings. The strikers then made a still bolder move and endeavored to surround my entire force. I fully realized that the foreigners were a desperate lot and valued life at a very small figure. I also saw that parleying with such a gang was entirely out of the question as they were too excited to listen to reason, and that myself and deputies would be killed if we were not rescued, or if we did not defend ourselves. I then called upon the deputies to defend themselves, and shoot if they must to protect their lives or to protect the property that they had been sent to guard. The next second there were a few scattered shots fired into the infuriated foreigners, and a moment later the entire force discharged a solid volley into the crowd. I hated to give the command to shoot, but I was there to do my duty and I did it as best I knew how and as my conscience dictated. The strikers were violating the laws of the Commonwealth, and flatly refused to obey the proclamation that I read to them. The entire crowd of foreigners, as soon as the volley had been fired, started to retreat. They rushed off in all directions, taking as many of their dead and wounded as they were able to carry."

In another interview Sheriff Martin said he first met the marching miners at West Hazleton. He asked them where they were going and they replied, "We are going to Latimer to get the men out there." Then the sheriff and seventy deputies, armed with Winchesters and revolvers boarded a trolley car for Latimer and marching down the public road headed off the marching column of Poles and Huns.

According to Martin's story, when the strikers reached the line of deputies, he ordered them to halt and disperse. One of the men said in broken English: "Go to hell, you a——." Martin then attempted to arrest the man who made the remark, and, as he claims, was fiercely assaulted by the man's friends. Then the firing began.

Martin was asked during the interview: "When you met the men were they on company property or on the public road?" He replied they were on the public road.

"Were they marching toward Latimer?" "Yes."

"Had they up to that time committed any overt act or acted otherwise than peaceably?" "No."

"Why then did you order the deputies to fire?" "I did not order the deputies to fire; some one else did that. First came a single shot and then a volley. I gave no order."

"How many men were killed?" "There were twelve dead when I left and about forty wounded."

"Were any of your men hurt?" "One of my deputies was shot through the arm."

Sheriff Martin when he reached Wilkesbarre was badly scared. Though he claims to have been brutally assaulted, when seen he did not have a mark on his person to show that he had been roughly handled. All classes of citizens in this city and county unite in condemning Sheriff Martin's hasty action.

Martin Roski, an intelligent Hun from Mount Pleasant, who was shot in the arm, was seen by a reporter on the car coming over and gave this version of the affair:

"We were going along the road to Latimer and the deputies were lined across the road, barring our progress. We tried to go through them and did not attempt to hit or molest them when they fired upon us. We ran, but they kept on shooting us while we ran. It is all their fault."

Citizens' meetings were held in various parts of the city to-night. Opinion was divided about the responsibility of the shooting.

HAZLETON, PA., September 10.—It is estimated that when the strikers began marching on the Hazle mines they numbered about 200. Many of the men at the Hazle mines quit work and joined in the march on the Latimer mine. The body did not move with any precision and traversed the highway entirely, keeping off private property. All along the road they seemed jubilant over their success at the Hazle mines.

HARRISBURG, PA., September 10—Governor Hastings to-night ordered out the Third brigade, of which Gen. Gobin is commander, and instructed Gen. Schall to hold the First brigade in readiness. The troops will mobilize at Hazleton and are expected to be on the scene before daybreak. Superintendent Creighton, of the middle division of the Pennsylvania railroad, was called into conference at the executive mansion, and has arranged for the speedy transportation of the soldiers.

WILKESBARRE, Sept. 11.—Sheriff Martin sent a telegram to Gov. Hastings to-night, stating that mob law prevailed in the lower end of the county and asking for assistance. Gov. Hastings ordered Col. Dougherty, Ninth Regiment, to start for Hazleton at once. The regiment will leave Wilkesbarre for Hazleton at 5 o'clock in the morning.

YELLOW FEVER SITUATION.

TWELVE SUSPICIOUS CASES AT NEW ORLEANS.

The Disease Increasing at Biloxi—A Case at Scranton, Miss.—People at Ocean Springs in Distress.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, September 10.—The announcement of twelve suspicious cases on one square in the city and that three cases had developed since the death of a young lady who had come from Ocean Springs, created a large measure of alarm in the public mind early in the day, but this was allayed when the facts became known.

At nightfall all reports received by Dr. Oliphant were so favorable that renewed confidence was infused in the officials of the board. Just before the board met Dr. Oliphant said to a reporter of the Associated Press:

"There is a marked improvement in the situation in the State. I may say unofficially that all the patients in the St. Claude street square are better. I have not received a report from the board of experts, but I have learned from our inspector who is assigned to the premises, that apparently none of the patients are at present in danger. I am able to say that no other case has been brought to our attention in New Orleans the symptoms of which would justify us in classing it as suspicious."

This morning a party of doctors and officials left here over the Illinois Central for Memphis and will return via the Mississippi Valley. They will stop at all intervening places to make known the exact state of affairs, seeking to allay the fears of the people in order that a panic in the country may be prevented and the imposing of unreasonable quarantine restrictions raised.

One hundred and forty people, white and black, in Ocean Springs, by actual count, are in distress, many being in need of medicine and provisions.

The fever has not spread west beyond Biloxi. Biloxi is appealing for medicine, and the situation in the town is growing steadily worse. Miss Lewis, in the city limits, was declared to have the black vomit. Frank Emery, son of the Methodist preacher there, was this afternoon reported down.

Mayor Howard to day issued orders that the yellow flags should be displayed wherever yellow fever was found, and a correspondent telegraphs this afternoon that the yellow fever flag is now conspicuous in Biloxi.

There are no suspicious cases at Mobile and the general health is shown by the board of health records to be better than for the past five years.

The line of defence for Baldwin county as well as for Mobile county is complete and a coast guard had been added in the lower bay.

Natchez, Miss., to-day included New Orleans in the list of infected points against which a rigid quarantine is being enforced and the shot-gun guard is evidenced all around the city. The steamer Natchez, from here, passed there this morning with several Natchez people among her passengers but none of them were permitted to land.

WASHINGTON, September 10—During the afternoon and evening Surgeon General Wyman received several telegrams from Mississippi points bearing on the yellow fever situation.

Surgeon Carter telegraphed from Gulf Port, Miss., concerning the case at Perkinton, as follows:

"One case of yellow fever—Dr. Sheely—at Perkinton. It was contracted at Ocean Springs. The case is isolated and under all necessary guard. No other case in that town."

Dr. Guiteras also sent a dispatch confirming the newspaper report of yellow fever at Scranton, but stating that there was but one case there, the origin of which is not clear. There is much dengue at Scranton.

In view of the possibility of the bureau needing all the surgeons now in the service, Dr. Wyman has revoked all leaves of absence.

INSURGENT SUCCESS.

A Town in Santiago Province Defended, by Seven Forts Captured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MADRID, September 10.—The Spanish Minister of War has cabled Captain General Weyler asking for an explanation regarding the capture by the insurgents of Victoria Delas Tunas, province of Santiago de Cuba, which is defended by seven forts, having two Krupp guns among their armament.

It is stated here that the object of the insurgents is to establish their government there and then obtain the recognition of their belligerency by the United States.

A Spanish expedition will be organized to recapture the place. The newspapers of this city, commenting upon the capture of Victoria Delas Tunas, condemn Captain General Weyler.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

Governor Russell and the Railroad Commissioners—The Park Hotel—Prof. Holmes—Tax Valuation of Property in Some of the Counties.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., September 10.

Major J. W. Wilson does not hesitate to say that he believes Russell will attempt to turn out Otho Wilson and himself. Major Wilson says, however, that ordering him out and getting him out are two different things.

The Park Hotel is to have a saloon connected with it. While Mr. O. T. Page owned the property he would not allow a saloon to be connected with the hotel.

Auditor Ayer is in receipt of a letter from Prof. J. O. Holmes, the State Geologist, who is now in Seattle, Washington. Prof. Holmes writes: "I am making a tour of this Western country studying every economic problem that I believe can be turned to account for the betterment of our own State in mining, water power development, farming, etc., and I hope to be able to turn this information to good account when I return."

Auditor Ayer is receiving from the various Registers of Deeds in the counties reports of valuation of assessed property for general taxation. The property valuation in Cumberland county for the year 1897, as reported by the Auditor, is $9,908,090. In 1895 it was $9,978 590. In Duplin the assessed value of property is $1,765 814, as against $1,680,169; Johnston county, $3,978 515, as against $3,338,993; Mecklenburg, $9 983,867, as against $9 181,898. Very few counties have made report so far.

Three witnesses who were subpœnaed to appear before Special Master Craige at Salisbury in the hearing of the charges of fraud in the lease of the North Carolina road were not examined. They were Mr. Haywood, editor of the defunct *Tribune*, Business Manager Roberts, of the same paper, and Agent Potts, of the Southern Railway in this city.

YUKON GOLD FIELDS.

Story of Distress and Disaster Brought by Returning Miners—Winter Has Set In—Famine Threatened—Enormous Prices Paid for Food.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 10—The *Examiner* prints an extra edition, containing the news from Dawson City:

"OTTER POINT, B. C., Sept. 10.—The steamer Cleveland has arrived from St. Michael's, bringing with her from the Yukon gold fields a story of distress and disaster.

The miners she has on board and officers in charge of the ship tell the story of suffering at Dawson. The Winter has set in at the mining city of the frozen North and two great stores of the place have closed their doors, for they have nothing to sell. Those who have been seeking gold now must seek food or starve.

While there may be a tendency to exaggerate the actual condition of affairs, there can be no question that famine threatens the men and women who made their way to the Klondike. Hundreds of unruly spirits are flocking to Dawson. Threats of violence are being made on every side.

The first signs of Winter are apparent on the Yukon, which is beginning to freeze, and in a few weeks will be closed. Enormous prices are now being paid for food at Dawson, and it is impossible that more than four vessels with provisions can reach Dawson before the river is a mass of ice.

On the Cleveland there are thirty-eight passengers, men, women and children, who have come from Dawson City. There are few miners in this party that are able to tell of prosperity. Most of them wish to exaggerate their possessions and if one believed the stories they tell he would say the treasure ship in which they come carries $5,000,000. Capt. Ham, master of the Cleveland, says that he has $100,000 in his safe. The purser believes that he can account for $150 000 on board.

The Cleveland has some of the passengers of the P. B. Weare on board. The Weare left Dawson City in time to connect with the Portland had she not met with a mishap and struck on the flats above Circle City. They report that July 25th the stores of the Alaska Commercial Company and of the North American Trading and Transportation Company announced that they had no more food to sell.

Three weeks before that the same companies were unable to furnish outfits, and when the announcement was made that no more goods were available consternation resulted on the part of the people of Dawson, with gold-seekers piling in at the rate of twenty or thirty a day. Drunkenness, gambling and disorder were rampant, and conservative observers predict the most serious consequences.

There is gold everywhere, but the people of Dawson want food more than they want gold now. At St. Michaels there are not enough structures to accommodate the crowd, and scores of people are living in tents.

If fortune favors four vessels will be able to reach Dawson from St. Michaels before the Yukon river freezes. They will carry provisions, but it is by no means certain that they will reach the Klondike. They offer the only hope, however, for a renewal of supplies.

August 28th the Excelsior left St. Michaels. Reports were current that her treasure amounted to one million dollars, but there are none on the Cleveland who can verify this assertion. The Excelsior was caught on the dangerous flats of the Yukon and broke two blades of her propeller. It is probable, however, that she left Oaalaska last Monday to resume her journey to the South.

The Cleveland brings news that when the Humboldt stopped at Oaalaska on her journey to St. Michaels, the passengers were in open rebellion.

TERRIBLE RAILOAD WRECK.

Thirty Persons Believed to Have Perished and One Hundred and Eighty-five Seriously Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWCASTLE, COL., September 10.—The worst wreck in the history of Colorado occurred at 12.25 this morning on the Denver & Rio Grande and the Colorado Midland railways, one and one-half miles west of here. After twelve hours' work, it is impossible to more than estimate the loss of life, and not even those known to be dead have been identified. Many of the unfortunates will never be known, and it is possible that the number killed will always be in doubt. From the best information, fully thirty persons are believed to have perished, while 185 were taken out of the wreck suffering from serious injuries.

The wreck was caused by a head-end collision between a Denver and Rio Grande passenger train, running at the rate of forty miles an hour, and a special Colorado Midland stock train, running at thirty miles. So terrific was the concussion that both engines, baggage and express cars, smoker and day coaches and two stock cars were totally demolished and the track torn up for rods in both directions.

To add to the horror of the scene the wreck caught fire from an explosion of a Pintch gas tank on the passenger train and burned so rapidly that many passengers pinned beneath the debris were burned to death before help could reach them.

The most generally accepted theory as to the cause of the wreck seems to be that conductor Burbank, of the Midland special, anticipating the time of the passenger, undertook to "steal a station" and beat the passenger into New Castle. Burbank escaped uninjured and upon orders from coroner Clark was place under arrest.

WARM WIRELETS

The following fourth-class post masters have been appointed in North Carolina: M. S. Benthall, Anneta; J. R. Stout, Julian; A. H. Harding, Mistend.

The total bank clearings for the week in the United States were $1,104 680 650; per cent. increase 45 6. Exclusive of New York $484,590,037; per cent. increase 28 4.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Sale—Twenty Houses and Lots cheap for cash. For particulars address Dr. M. H. Brown 594 W. Walnut, Louisville, Ky. sep 10 5t

Two or three young men can obtain good board in a desirable locality at reasonable rates. Address L., care of this office. sep 10 tf

Wanted, a Cook. Apply to Lock Box 84, Marion, S. C. sep 8 6t

Wanted—Consumers of Fruit, Confectionery and Country Produce to call at No. 115 North Second street and inspect my line before purchasing. A. S. Winstead. sep 6 tf

A full line of Carpets, Mattings and Rugs arriving by every steamer. Call and examine. J. J. Shepard, No. 18 Market street. sep 5 tf

For Rent—Store No. 113½ South Front street, formerly occupied as Milliner's store. Possession given October 1st. Terms reasonable. Apply to A. D. Wessell, No. 113 South Front street. sep 3 3t

Just Received—The fourth invoice of that Fine Coffee, the Coronation Blend, the same as was served at the Banquet of the Carolina Yacht Club. Goods always fresh and the best, at the Atlantic Tea Co., Front and Market streets. au 22 tf

Ship your Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, Sheep and all kinds Produce to M. C. Benson, No. 5 South Water street, for best prices and prompt returns. au 8 tf

Wanted—High-grade man of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $900 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

Wanted—High-grade woman of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $900 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

Money to lend on approved city property. J. H. Gore, Jr., Lawyer, No. 8, Smith building, Princess street. au 17 1m

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. B. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98. mar 13 tf

Hayden, F. R., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. sep1

COPYRIGHT 1897

WE KEEP BUSY, HARD AT WORK HANDLING SHOES. But we will take time to place you on our extensive list of customers and supply you with tickets that you also may try to get the HANDSOME WATCH which will be given to some person on October 1st, 1897. If you begin at once you may yet outstrip some who began earlier. It costs you nothing to try. Begin now, leave the system and be ready for the next contest. Watch our window. We will try and make it interesting for our kind patrons. See us or you may regret it,

MERCER & EVANS,

Successors of H. C. Evans,

sep 5 tf 118 Princess street.

For Rent.

TWO-STORY DWELLING ON North-east corner Tenth and Princess streets. Building and fencing in good condition. Good water.

Two houses, four rooms each, on Eighth between Church and Castle streets. Good water and plenty of yard room.

D. O'CONNOR,
au 1 tf Real Estate Agent.

September Mullets.

125 Barrels September Mullets.
950 Bags Salt.
300 Kegs Nails.
100 Bundles W. P. Caps.
150 Ounces Quinine.
50 Tubs Broken Candy.
15 Barrels Candy.
50 Cases Horsford's Powder.
90 Cases Good Luck Powder.

W. B. COOPER.

sep 9 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

Special Bargains

—IN—

TOBACCO and CIGARS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street,

au 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

"THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD

OR OUR SAVIOUR IN ART"

Cost over $100,000 to publish. Contains nearly 200 full-page engravings of our Saviour, by the great masters. Every picture is reproduced from some famous painting. Agents are taking from three to twenty orders per day. The book is so beautiful that when people see it they want it. "FIRST GLANCE AT THE PICTURES BROUGHT TEARS TO MY EYES," says one. "Cleared $150 first week's work with the book," says another. "Some high grade man or woman of good church standing should secure the agency here at once," says every editor. "An $800 can soon be made taking orders for it." Also a man or woman of good social position can secure position of Manager of this territory, to devote all their time to employing and drilling agents and corresponding with them. Address for full particulars A. P. T. ELDER, Publisher 278 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill. au 4 tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 2ND TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. 2.30 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 7.35 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 2.45 p. m., 6.00 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.10 a. m., and 8.30 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a. m., and 6.10 p. m.
sep 2 tf

The Place to Trade.

Wait and See Our

FALL STOCK.

Goods Arriving Daily.

NEW DRESS GOODS,

The Latest Styles.

NEW LACES AND EMBROIDERIES

at special prices.

New Carpets, Nice Patterns

New Rugs, a Pretty Line

New Shades and Lace Curtains

New Clothing and Hats. New Shoes.

If you want to save money come and see our stock. Our prices and qualities will interest you.

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S,

Near Fourth Street Bridge.
Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 218.
Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up. sep 5 tf

ROOF PAINTING.

OWNERS OF BUILDINGS IN AND AROUND Wilmington will find it to their interest to see W. C. Mitchell about their leaking roofs before it is too late to remedy same. While you sleep rust is playing havoc with your

Tin and Iron Roofs.

The ordinary paints that are used for such work crack from the heat and peel off, hence, the water finds its way to the tin and soon makes your roof a sieve, from which your tenants complain. I am here in the interest of such roofs with a

Combination Roof Paint

that stops all leaks and makes your roof fire and water proof. This Paint is a combination that expands to heat and shrinks as it cools. It will not crack, scale or peel off, and is durable from eight to ten years without extra coating, and for

Less Money Per Square

than any other Paint known to the painting fraternity. My son, who superintends the work, has twenty years' experience at the business that he learned from his Old Dad, who served five years under an Englishman to learn the Art of Painting.

All orders addressed to me through the postoffice, or at the Marlborough House, or at the Hardware store of Owen F. Love & Co, will receive prompt attention. I will be here six or eight weeks. Any patronage will be appreciated. I can give reliable references from parties for whom I have worked.

Respectfully,

W. C. MITCHELL,

sep 1 tf Wilmington, N. C.

SUMMER RESORTS.

Hotel Townsend,

RED SPRINGS, N. C.

GREAT REDUCTION IN RATES FOR three months from August 15th; $7.00 per week or $25 00 by the month.

The wonderful waters from the Springs are unsurpassed for kidney and stomach troubles.

Hunting reserve has been secured for over 100 000 acres of fine hunting lands near here. For further information address

L. A. LYON, Prop.
or H. E. THOMPSON, M'g'r, Red Springs, N. C.
au 19 Dim W&w

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

For Girls. Re-opens September 23, 1897. 35th year. Mrs. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal.
Miss E. D. HUNTLEY, Associate Principal.
124 and 126 W. Franklin Street, Baltimore, Md.
jy 24 3m au we

NOTRE DAME OF MARYLAND,

Charles Street Ave., Baltimore, Md.

College for Young Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and Elective Courses. Extensive Grounds. Location Unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious Buildings completely Equipped. jy 24 3m au we su

Cape Fear Academy

BEGINS WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15. A home School preparing for Business or College.

Young pupils carefully taught. Its students have taken high positions in College, Business and Competitive examinations. New buildings and thorough equipment. W. CATLETT, Principal.
sep 3 5w 120 North Fifth street.

PEACE Institute FOR YOUNG LADIES, RALEIGH, N. C.

Excellent buildings and beautiful grounds in a Healthful Location with splendid climate.

STANDS AT THE VERY FRONT IN FEMALE EDUCATION.

Thorough in its Courses. High in its Standard. Unsurpassed in its high moral tone and in its intellectual and social influences.

Twenty-one officers and teachers. Very reasonable prices. Send for catalogue. je 20 tf

Liverpool and American

SALT.

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock

Bagging and Ties,

which we offer at lowest market prices.

Groceries

In quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

Hall & Pearsall,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.
au 10 D&W tf

MONEY SAVED.

CASH BUYERS OF

Corn, Oats, Wheat Bran,

Cracked Corn, Cow Feed, &c.,

should not fail to get our prices before placing their orders.

Boney & Harper.

au 15 tf

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES

"THE PEACE MAKERS"

When you wish to talk Stoves and Ranges just bear in mind Buck goods are the finest and best made in America. This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other Stoves from the cheapest up.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO., Gen'l Agents,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. sep 9 tf

AN EARLY FALL.

We expect an early Fall. Our DRESS GOODS for Fall and Winter have arrived and are decidedly the prettiest Patterns we have ever shown. Everything is new, in style and fabric. England and France divide honors this season, and the modesty of one mingles with the gayety of the other.

NEW WEAVES FOR FALL OF 1897.

These goods are now in stock and we urge our customers to call and select patterns before they are "PICKED OVER."

DRAP D' ETE, a beautiful fabric with the soft twill of the Henrietta on one side and the appearance of Ladies' Cloth on the other.

E'PINGLES.—The heavy twill-characteristic of the old Irish Poplins is noticeable in this fabric, and there is one thing sure, nothing wears better

"EUDORA" Silk Warp. You must call for this weave and examine in order to appreciate it

VENETIAN CLOTH—Like Venice, is beautiful, and the price is moderate and within the reach of all.

PAGUIN SERGE—Another new weave, different from anything you have seen. It's an innovation bound to awaken the admiration and bring forth exclamations of delight from womankind.

Bayadere Effects, Broadcloths, Novelty Checks and Plaids in all colors.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

au 29 tf

Opening Announcement.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY.

Dry Goods and Carpets.

No. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

To our Friends and Patrons:

We deem it fitting at the opening of our New Store to express to friends and patrons our grateful acknowledgements of the courtesies and patronage conferred upon us before our fire.

As the most practical method of exhibiting our appreciation of confidence reposed in us we have endeavored to so shape our plans for the future as to insure our friends and patrons the best service in everything pertaining to their interests.

After an inspection of our goods and a comparison and consideration of our prices, we feel that you will not fail to be impressed with the advantages we are in a position to offer. We carry everything in the line of Dry Goods and Carpets. We appeal for your patronage. Our terms will be Cash. We will serve your interests faithfully and well.

Yours respectfully,

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

Samples sent on application.

P. S.—Mr. R. M. McIntire, who for years was the leading Carpet Merchant in our city, will have charge of this department in our house, where he will be pleased to serve his friends.

Our Carpets were bought before the tariff went into effect. sep 5 tf

THE COST IS NOT CONSIDERED.

WE OFFER

A solid Black Walnut Ladies' Sewing Rocker for $1.50.

A High Back Hand Carved Oak Leather Seat Polished Dining Chair for $1.55.

A High Back Carved Wood Seat Diner for 50 cents.

A Polished Oak Leather Seat Rocker for $2 65.

Walnut Sideboards and Wardrobes at manufacturers' prices.

"Seeing is believing."—Come see.

THE SNEED CO.,

116 Market Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

Special attention to mail orders. au 24 tf

TRUE ECONOMY LEADS TO WEALTH.

Why pay $4 to $5 per cord for wood when for $4.50 you can get nearly twice the value of the wood in coal?

BANNER COAL

We claim is superior to all other Bituminous Coals for Domestic uses.

Points of Superiority

It is the lowest in percentage of ash.
Burns freely, but lasts well, keeping fire over night.
Is the most economical.

NO OFFENSIVE ORDERS. NO CLINKERS.

Try it and you will have no other.

We are prepared to furnish any quantity and to enter into contracts for year's supply.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State Telephone 146.

au 23 tf

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Makes liberal loans to customers desiring money with which to help move the cotton and tobacco crops, when good security is offered. Every accommodation consistent with security and reasonable profits accorded in all branches of banking.

Promptness and accuracy guaranteed. No interest paid on deposits